



AUDIT REPORT

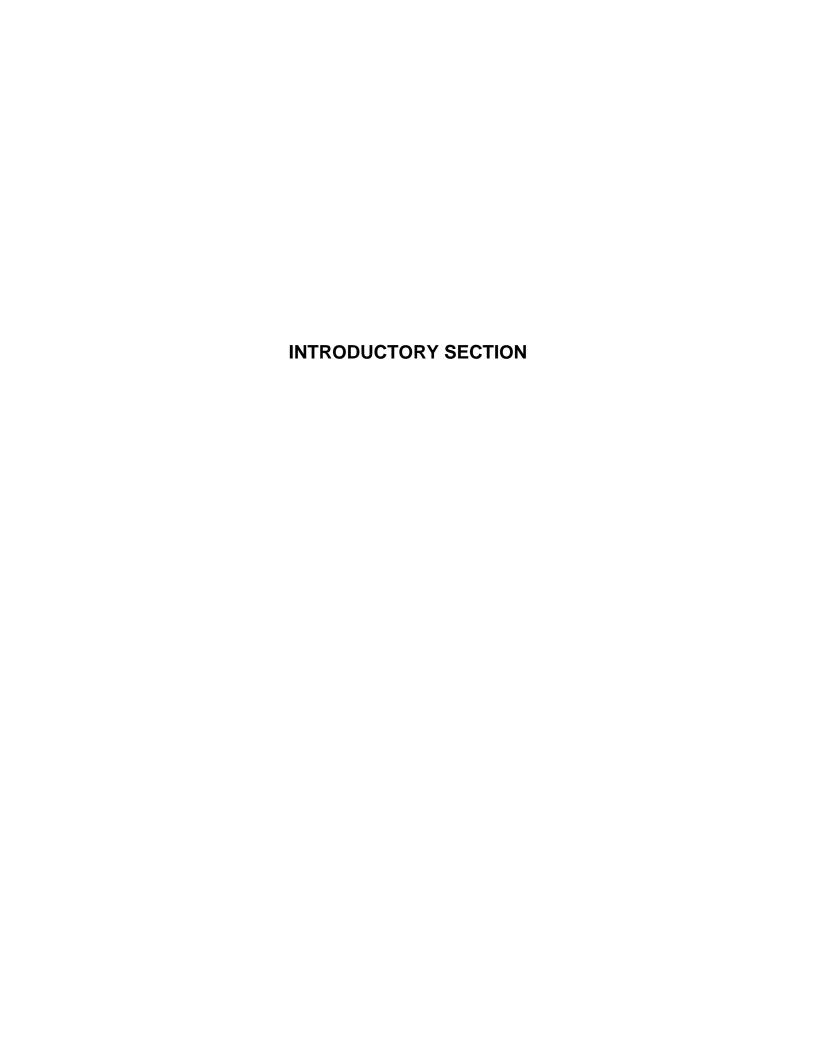
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Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Mono Bridgeport, California 93517

Members of the Board:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County of Mono for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, is hereby submitted in accordance with Section 25253 of the Government Code. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects and this report presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the County's various funds. It also includes necessary and appropriate disclosures and supplementary data to enable the reader to fully understand the overall County financial position.

ACCOUNTING AND BUDGETARY POLICIES

The County maintains accounting controls, which comprise the plan of organization, all methods and procedures designed to safeguard assets, and the reliability of financial records for financial statement presentation. These controls include the system of authorization and approval, separation of duties, physical control and custody over assets.

Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding:

The safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:

The cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be delivered; and

The evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments of management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

In accordance with provisions of Section 29000 and 29143 inclusive, of the Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and adopts a budget for each fiscal year. Budgetary control for expenditures is maintained at the object level for all budgetary units except for fixed assets, which are controlled on the fund level. The expenditure side of the budget is enacted into law through the passage of an appropriation resolution. This resolution constitutes the maximum authorization to spend during the fiscal year and cannot be exceeded except by subsequent amendment of the budget by the Board of Supervisors. Unexpended appropriations at the end of the fiscal year lapse.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

This report includes all the funds and account groups for which the County's Board of Supervisors has oversight responsibility. This oversight responsibility includes, but is not limited to, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

The County provides a full range of local government functions that includes Public Protection, Public Ways and Facilities, Health and Sanitation, Social Services, Education, Culture and Recreation, and General Services.

GENERAL GOVERNMENT FUNCTIONS

Revenues from all Governmental fund type sources totaled \$48,521,668 in 2012-13, a decrease of 2.61 percent from 2011-12. The amount of variance from the prior fiscal year is shown in the following tabulation. For fiscal year 2012-13 this variance is primarily from a decrease in intergovernmental revenues and charges for services.

Sources: FY 2012-13		Amount	Percent of Total	(Decrease) from FY 2011-12
Taxes and assessments		21,879,836	45.09%	199,435
Licenses and permits		601,613	1.24%	(93,430)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		909,574	1.87%	(140,038)
Use of money and property		309,255	0.64%	167,209
Intergovernmental		20,370,593	41.98%	(778,425)
Charges for current services		3,909,227	8.06%	(754,469)
Other revenue		541,570	1.12%	98,296
	TOTAL	48,521,668	100.00%	(1,301,422)

Expenditures for all Governmental fund type functions totaled \$49,253,187 a decrease of 6.67 percent over 2011-12. The amount of variance from the prior fiscal year is shown in the following tabulation. The highest single decrease is in Public Protection. This can be accounted for by the 2011-12 PERS side fund refunding paid in its entirety last year and replaced with a relatively low interest and principal payable in the current year. Debt Service reflects the refunded PERS debt obligation.

Sources: FY 2012-13		Amount	Percent of Total
General Government		6,525,916	13.25%
Public Protection		19,632,037	39.86%
Public Ways and Facilities		8,220,412	16.69%
Health and Sanitation		9,795,300	19.89%
Public Assistance		4,006,049	8.13%
Education		37,758	0.08%
Recreation and Culture		13,930	0.03%
Debt Service			
Principal		502,100	1.02%
Interest		172,795	0.35%
Capital Outlay		346,890	0.70%
-	TOTAL	49,253,187	100.00%

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At June 30, 2013, the Governmental fund types unassigned fund balance of \$5,458,121 was composed of the following:

General Fund \$ 6,399,062 Road Fund (763,963) Other governmental Funds (176,978)

Mono County implemented GASB 54 beginning June 30, 2011. GASB 54, reflects an accounting rule designating and reclassifying fund balances into the following categories: Non-spendable, Restricted, Assigned and Unassigned. This reclassification has changed certain fund balances from Unassigned to Restricted. When a fund has a restricted balance, it means the money in those funds can only be used for specified purposes, i.e. Fish and Game fund monies may only be spent on specified fish and game projects, hence restricted. The Fish and Game Fund has a restricted fund balance of \$13,125. It is unassigned as far as specified fish and game activity goes, but is restricted in that it cannot be used for the payment of General Fund expenses. In looking at the Governmental balance sheets on page 23, the Non-spendable and Restricted amounts refer to monies obligated i.e. accounts payable, advances to other funds, encumbrances and special use monies such as Social Services, Public Health and Mental Health.

CASH MANAGEMENT

Cash temporarily idle during the fiscal year was invested with the County Treasury pooled cash. This investment is composed of deposits and investments allowed by California Government Code and the Mono County investment policy. This pooled cash concept allows the various funds within the County Treasury to earn interest based on their average daily cash balance. The County, pursuant to the adopted investment policy, invested in United States Government Agency Obligations, Corporate Bonds and the State Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). See note 3 for additional information.

CAPITAL ASSETS RELATED TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The capital assets related to governmental activities of the County are those fixed assets used in the performance of its general government functions. As of June 30, 2013, the amount in the general fixed asset account group of the County was \$35,334,453. This amount represents the book value of the assets. Of this amount, \$9,250,735 is non-depreciable.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

Section 25250 of the Government Code requires the County to annually have made by an independent Certified Public Accountant, a careful and complete audit of the accounts and records of all offices of the County. This requirement has been complied with and the independent auditor's opinion has been included in this report.

PROSPECTS FOR THE FUTURE

The "budget battle" continues even though Mono County is seeing a leveling of tax revenues – with little to no decrease in values for 2013-14. Federal and State revenues have tapered down thus still leaving the County struggling to keep up with the increasing costs of providing services. Mono County will begin to see a very modest increase in property taxes in 2014-15, but will have to maintain a tight budget especially in light of certain Federal and State proposed cuts in the future.

Respectfully submitted this 10th day of March, 2014,

ROBERTA REED
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF FINANCE
AUDITOR-CONTROLLER
COUNTY OF MONO

DIRECTORY OF PUBLIC OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2013

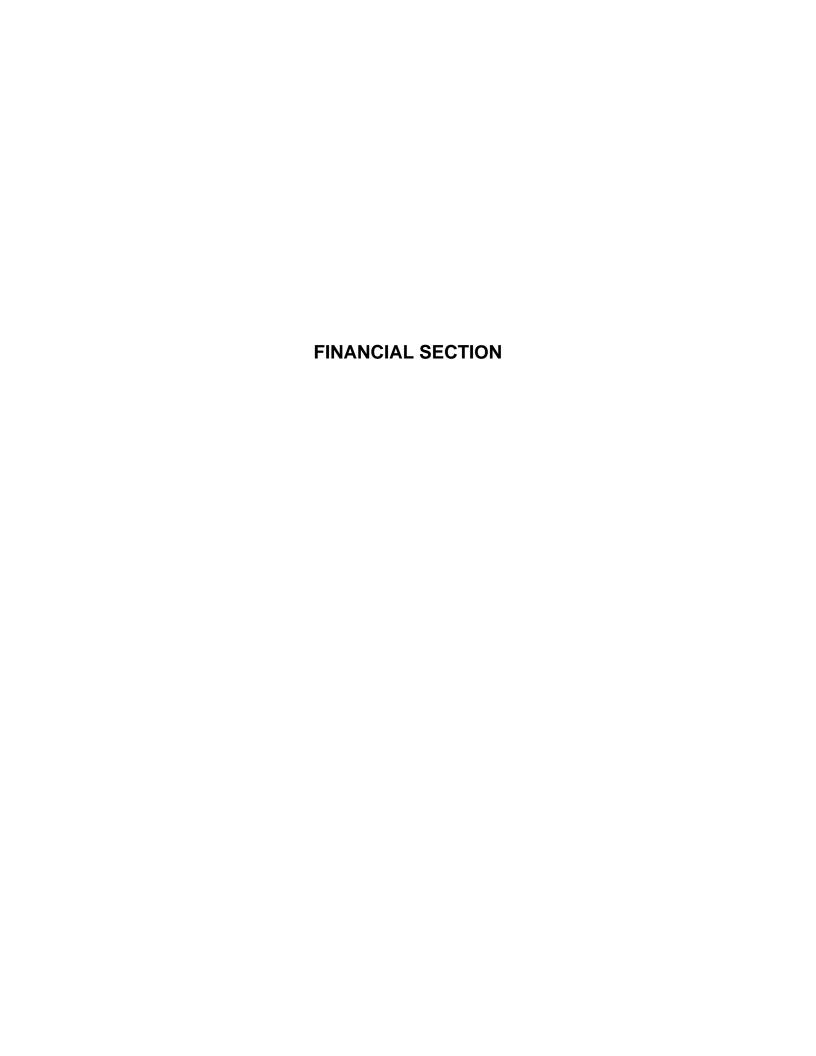
DEPARTMENT DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL Assessor Vacant **Board of Supervisors** District #1 Larry Johnston, Vice-Chairman District #2 Fred Stump District #3 **Timothy Alpers** District #4 Timothy Fesko District #5 Byng Hunt, Chairman Clerk-Recorder/Clerk of the Board Lynda Roberts **County Counsel** Marshall Rudolph County Administrative Officer James Leddy District Attorney Tim Kendall Finance Director Leslie Chapman, CPA Health Officer Richard Johnson, MD **Combined Court** Stan Eller Robin Roberts Mental Health Probation Karin Humiston Public Health Director Lynda Salcido Public Works - Roads Jeff Walters Vacant Public Works - Engineering Sheriff-Coroner Ralph Obenberger

Stacy Adler

Kathy Peterson

Superintendent of Schools

Social Services







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Mono Bridgeport, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Mono (County), California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Mono

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, funding progress schedules, and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

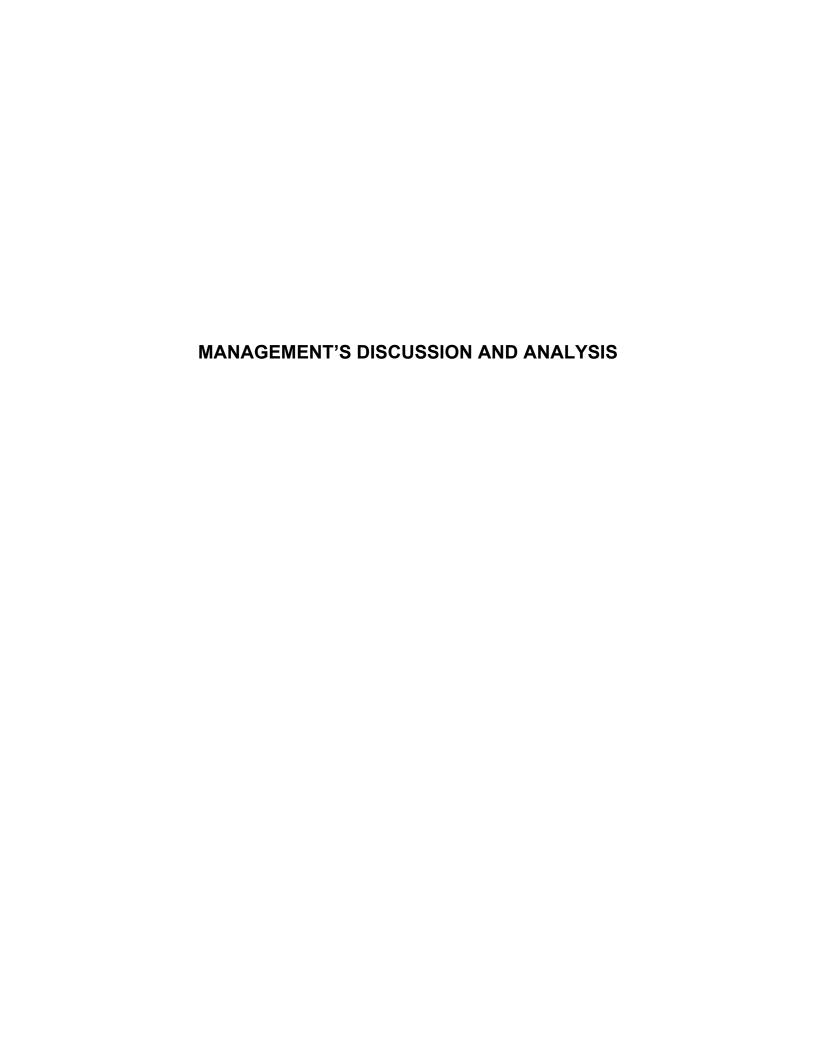
The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 10, 2014 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Roseville, California March 10, 2014





Management Discussion and Analysis

In this section of the County of Mono (County) annual financial report, County management discusses financial results for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. It should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the County's financial statements following this section.

I. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's overall assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$50,226,315 (net position). Of this amount, \$42,365,357 is invested in Capital Assets; \$11,657,175 is restricted for various programs; and (\$3,796,217) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position increased by \$3,244,779 (6.9%) from the June 30, 2012, report. This increase is a result of a combination of factors. In anticipation of reduced revenues, the Board of Supervisors reduced their spending accordingly. Non-depreciable assets increased by \$4,493,761 primarily due to construction in progress funded by grants. Both long-term and short-term debt increased primarily due to changes in closure/post-closure for solid waste. Contributing to the increase in cash and investments were both the 2010 COP and the 2012 PERS Sidefund refunding at lower interest rates previously paid, increasing available cash in both governmental and enterprise activities.
- As of June 30, 2013, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances
 of \$15,401,949, a decrease of \$895,885 in comparison with the prior year. This decrease
 resulted primarily from increases in deferred revenue (due from other government agencies for
 current services, but not received in a timely fashion.)
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$6,399,062, or 16.2% of total general fund expenditures, a 11.8% decrease from last year.
- Total long-term liabilities in the Solid Waste enterprise fund increased by \$664,958 during the fiscal year in spite of the loan repayments. The key factor in this increase was the increased closure/post closure costs.
- In September 2010 and September 2011, the Board of Supervisors authorized interest free interfund loans from General Reserves to the Solid Waste Enterprise fund in the totaling \$1,950,000 to be repaid over 10 years (final payments due 2021 and 2022). The solid waste enterprise fund has been making the payments as scheduled and the balance owing to the general fund is now \$1,440.000.

II. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The County's basic financial statements is comprised of three parts: 1) Management Discussion and Analysis which provides the financial highlights; 2) The County's basic financial statements, which consist of the Government-Wide financial statements; the Fund financial statements and the Notes to the financial statements; 3) Required Supplementary Information.

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide an overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business, that is, using the accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements demonstrate Mono County accountability by showing the extent to which it has met operating objectives efficiently and effectively, using all resources available, and whether it can continue to do so.

Management Discussion and Analysis

The <u>statement of net position</u> presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>statement of activities</u> presents information on expenses and revenues to show how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported as soon as earned and expenses are reported as soon as incurred even though the related cash flows may not take place until future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes; earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities) The governmental activities of the County include general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education and recreation. The business-type activity of the County includes the Mono County Solid Waste Program, as well as the County's airport fund, cemetery fund and campground fund. In 2009 two internal service funds were created to develop self-sustaining funds for operational and replacement equipment. These two internal service funds, Motor Pool and Copier Pool, are considered governmental activities.

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide evidence of accountability by demonstrating compliance with budgetary decisions made in public forum. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or purposes stipulated by laws, regulations or policies. The funds of the County are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds account for functions essentially alike as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The County maintains 242 individual governmental funds and 2 treasury funds. On the financial statements for governmental funds, information is presented separately for two major funds: the General Fund, and the Road Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are aggregated into a single column. However, data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the combining statements located in the Required Supplemental Information section of this report.

Proprietary funds are of two types. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its solid waste program, a major fund, as well as the airport, cemetery and campground funds. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its motor pool and copier pool. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds statements provide the same type of information as the part of government-wide financial statements pertaining to business-type activities, only in more detail. The County's two internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Fiduciary funds account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the county government such as special districts and schools. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's programs. In the fiduciary fund category, the County maintains several agencies' funds. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds.

C. Notes to the Financial Statements

The **Notes to the Financial Statements** provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the financial statements.

D. Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report presents Required Supplementary Information that includes budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the major funds and combining statements for the aggregated non-major funds.

III. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS COUNTY-WIDE

Prior year assets and liabilities are shown below for the purpose of providing comparative data on a countywide level. An off-book debt obligation with CalPERS was refinanced in 2012 creating a new-booked obligation. While the actual cost decreased because of paid interest rate savings, the debt is now recorded as a general fund liability wherein previously this was a cost blended in with the normal employer's PERS rate. While 2012-13 liabilities increased by 11.1% assets also increased by 8.3% for a net increase of total net position of 6.9%.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Current and other assets	\$30,670,628	\$27,361,261	\$ 2,241,246	\$ 1,750,112	\$32,911,874	\$29,111,373
Capital assets	35,334,453	35,626,076	7,164,237	4,912,037	42,498,690	40,538,113
Total Assets	66,005,081	62,987,337	9,405,483	6,662,149	75,410,564	69,649,486
Current and other liabilities	6,132,018	4,212,954	251,424	94,444	6,383,442	4,307,398
Long term liabilities	8,969,222	9,193,925	9,831,585	9,166,627	18,800,807	18,360,552
Total Liabilities	15,101,240	13,406,879	10,083,009	9,261,071	25,184,249	22,667,950
Net investment in capital assets	35,334,453	35,626,076	7,030,904	4,745,370	42,365,357	40,371,446
Restricted	11,657,175	12,731,077			11,657,175	12,731,077
Unrestricted	3,912,213	1,223,305	(7,708,430)	(7,344,292)	(3,796,217)	(6,120,987)
Total Net Position	50,903,841	49,580,458	(677,526)	(2,598,922)	50,226,315	46,981,536
					·	
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$66,005,081	\$62,987,337	\$ 9,405,483	\$ 6,662,149	\$75,410,564	\$69,649,486

Net investment in capital assets reflects the County's investment in capital assets (i.e. its land, structures and improvements, infrastructure and equipment). The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Restricted net position represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Total governmental unrestricted net position represent 7.69% of the total governmental net position and may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following table presents the activities that accounted for the changes in net position.

Statement of Activities

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total	
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Program revenues:						
Fees, Fines & Charges for Services	\$ 6,139,365	\$ 6,806,487	\$ 2,692,214	\$ 2,334,952	\$ 8,831,579	\$ 9,141,439
Operating grants	21,557,737	18,387,149	2,269,348	127,426	23,827,085	18,514,575
Capital grants	174,680	56,398	-	-	174,680	56,398
General revenues:						
Property taxes	18,598,557	18,405,802	-	-	18,598,557	18,405,802
Sales and use taxes	518,192	443,278	-	-	518,192	443,278
Other taxes	2,763,087	2,831,321	-	-	2,763,087	2,831,321
Other revenue	62,478	54,692	47,871	49,953	110,349	104,645
Interest/Investment earnings	316,780	149,740	28,732	30,165	345,512	179,905
Total Revenues	50,130,876	47,134,867	5,038,165	2,542,496	55,169,041	49,677,363
Expenses:						
General government	6,883,498	5,919,051	-	-	6,883,498	5,919,051
Public protection	19,721,152	21,095,032	-	-	19,721,152	21,095,032
Public ways and facilities	8,026,282	8,935,873	-	-	8,026,282	8,935,873
Health and Sanitation	9,742,625	9,689,971	-	-	9,742,625	9,689,971
Public assistance	3,970,541	3,952,550	-	-	3,970,541	3,952,550
Education	37,758	37,408	-	-	37,758	37,408
Culture and recreation	160,349	177,570	-	-	160,349	177,570
Interest and fiscal charges	171,063	155,183	-	-	171,063	155,183
Solid Waste Landfill	-	-	2,860,020	2,114,892	2,860,020	2,114,892
Airport	-	-	250,328	83,109	250,328	83,109
Cemeteries	-	-	75,816	2,347	75,816	2,347
Campgrounds	<u>-</u>		24,830	26,738	24,830	26,738
Total Expenses	48,713,268	49,962,638	3,210,994	2,227,086	51,924,262	52,189,724
Change in net position						
before transfers	1,417,608	(2,827,771)	1,827,171	315,410	3,244,779	(2,512,361)
Transfers	(94,225)	(27,666)	94,225	27,666	-	-
position	1,323,383	(2,855,437)	1,921,396	343,076	3,244,779	(2,512,361)
Net position, beginning	49,580,458	52,435,895	(2,598,922)	(2,941,998)	46,981,536	49,493,897
Net position, ending	\$50,903,841	\$49,580,458	\$ (677,526)	\$ (2,598,922)	\$50,226,315	\$46,981,536

Management Discussion and Analysis

The following are highlights of significant factors that affected the governmental and business activities and contributed to the increase in net position:

Capital assets for governmental activities countywide decreased by \$291,623 (0.82%) in fiscal
year 2012-13 net of depreciation. Depreciation for 2012-13 was \$3,910,810. Details of these
changes in assets and depreciation can be found in Note 4 of the financial statements.

IV. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with budgetary and legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The general government functions are included in the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Project Funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2013, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,401,949, a decrease of \$895,885 (-5.5%) in comparison with the prior year. The decrease is a result of the decrease of other financing sources. Approximately 35.44% of the total governmental fund balance \$5,458,121 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has been termed non-spendable: 1) to reflect inventories and the amount due from other funds that are long-term in nature and thus do not represent available spendable resources, 2) to liquidate contractual commitments of the prior period and 3) to provide fund for any type of disaster. In addition, funds may be non-spendable to meet general obligations because the terms of the revenue/funds may be either restricted, committed or assigned by Board of Supervisors.

The general fund is the main operating fund of the County. At June 30, 2013, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$6,399,062 while total fund balance reached \$10,933,578. As measures of the general fund's liquidity, it is useful to note that unassigned fund balance represents 16.23% of total fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 27.73% of that same amount.

The Road fund had a restricted fund balance of (\$763,963) (restricted to road uses), while the total fund balance reached (\$418,463) this year. These decreases over the prior year were caused by revenue due from other governmental agencies, but not received in a timely manner.

Other Governmental fund balance reflects a consolidated fund balance of \$4,886,834. The unassigned fund balance of negative \$176,978 reflects delays in funding reimbursement for expenditure driven programs once the expenditures have been made. The general fund covers this deficit while waiting for reimbursement.

Revenues for government functions totaled approximately \$48,521,668 for fiscal year 2012-13, which represents a decrease of 2.61% from fiscal year 2011-12. The greatest single decrease in revenues was from intergovernmental revenues, which comprises 41.98% of total revenues, followed by charges for services. While charges for services constitutes only 8.06% of total revenues, the County received the second largest hit of (\$754,469) in revenue.

The following table presents the revenues from various sources as well as increases or decreases from the prior year in the governmental funds.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Revenues Classified by Source - Governmental Funds

Revenue sources	FY 2013		FY 2012			Change		
	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Am ount	% of Change		
Taxes	\$21,879,836	45.09%	\$ 21,680,401	43.51%	\$ 199,435	0.92%		
Licenses and permits	601,613	1.24%	695,043	1.40%	(93,430)	-13.44%		
Fines, forfeitures & penalties	909,574	1.87%	1,049,612	2.11%	(140,038)	-13.34%		
Use of money & property	309,255	0.64%	142,026	0.29%	167,229	117.75%		
Intergovernmental	20,370,593	41.98%	21,149,018	42.45%	(778,425)	-3.68%		
Charges for services	3,909,227	8.06%	4,663,696	9.36%	(754,469)	-16.18%		
Other	541,570	1.12%	443,274	0.89%	98,296	22.17%		
Total	\$48,521,668	100.00%	\$ 49,823,070	100.00%	\$ (1,301,402)	-2.61%		

Significant changes for major revenue sources are explained below.

- Taxes Tax revenues covers a multitude of taxes including sales taxes, transient occupancy taxes
 and property taxes. These taxes suffered from economic turn-down, but Mono County turned the
 corner with a very modest increase of .92%. Mono County falls behind the general trend of the state
 by about 18 months and as Mono County relies on tourism to bring in sales tax and transient
 occupancy taxes, those numbers fell dramatically in recent years, but now have seemed to stabilize.
- Fines, forfeitures and penalties Mono County fines decreased. Many of the fines, forfeitures and penalties are generated by visiting tourists. This decrease is due to decreases in fines and penalties assessed primarily due by the decrease in tourism.
- Licenses and Permits the economy is seeing a turn for the better in the rest of the state; however this has not yet translated into increases in this area. In fact, the County saw 13.44% decrease in revenues.
- Charges for Services there was a 16.18% decrease in charges for services. With the decrease in licenses and permits, the planning and legal services that generally accompany the building trade were also down.
- Use of money and property While interest rates continue to be down, property rentals were up thus showing an increase in this category.
- Intergovernmental Revenues decreased in part because both the state and federal governments are reducing payments to Counties for various mandated services.

Management Discussion and Analysis

The following table presents expenditures by function compared to prior year's amounts in the governmental funds.

Expenditures Classified by Function - Governmental Funds

	FY 2013		FY 20)12	Change		
	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Change	
General government	\$ 6,525,916	13.25%	\$ 6,357,990	12.05%	\$ 167,926	2.64%	
· ·					¥,		
Public protection	19,632,037	39.86%	25,628,490	48.57%	(5,996,453)	-23.40%	
Public ways and facilities	8,220,412	16.69%	6,490,026	12.30%	1,730,386	26.66%	
Health and sanitation	9,795,300	19.89%	9,658,385	18.30%	136,915	1.42%	
Public assistance	4,006,049	8.13%	3,964,440	7.51%	41,609	1.05%	
Education	37,758	0.08%	37,408	0.07%	350	0.94%	
Culture and recreation	13,930	0.03%	39,889	0.08%	(25,959)	-65.08%	
Debt service							
Principal	502,100	1.02%	157,200	0.30%	344,900	219.40%	
Interest	172,795	0.35%	139,511	0.26%	33,284	23.86%	
Capital outlay	346,890	0.70%	296,857	0.56%	50,033	16.85%	
Total Expenditures	\$49,253,187	100.00%	\$52,770,196	100.00%	\$ (3,517,009)	-6.66%	

Significant changes for major functions are explained below.

- General government \$167,926 increase in expenditures resulted mainly to sick and vacation leave payouts to retiring employees.
- Public Protection \$5,996,453 decrease in expenditures, resulted mainly as a result of the PERS Sidefund refunding. As the PERS Sidefund was previously not on the books as it was integrated into the employer's contribution rate, the payoff of that sidefund created a 2012 one-time current year increase in expenditures.
- Public ways and facilities Many road and transportation projects are grant funded. There was a 26.66% increase as the County received grants to upgrade County airports.
- Debt Service was a new category for 2011-12. The County refunded the PERS Sidefund late in fiscal year 2012 so that interest and principle repayments covered only 4-1/2 months. Fiscal year 2013 saw the first full year of interest and principal payments thus explaining the large percentage change.
- Public assistance FY 2012-13 saw a modest increase in Public Assistance expenditures in the amount of \$41,609. Public assistance can fluctuate widely depending upon the need in any particular year. While there are normal salary and benefit increases as in all departments, the bulk of expenditures are reflected in the needs of the community at any given time and good management practices.

Proprietary funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. These funds include the Mono County Solid Waste Program, a major program, as well as the County's airport fund, cemetery fund and campground fund; and two internal service fund which are presented in aggregate: Motor Pool and Copier Pool. Factors affecting the financial results of these funds were discussed earlier in the business-type activities of Mono County as they were budgeted for within the General fund.

V. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Board adopted their initial budget in September of 2012 after much hard work and public hearings. This initial adopted budget allowed for revenues of \$29,881,440 and expenditures of \$44,804,003. A few minor changes were made throughout the year, but the major changes came at mid-year. Between the initial budget and the final budget, revenues increased by \$10,808,065 and expenditures decreased by

Management Discussion and Analysis

\$202,188. The differences between revenues and expenditures in both the original budget and the final was filled by other financing sources, operating transfers in and prior year fund balance carry over. By mid-year it was obvious that revenues would be coming in higher than initially estimated thus the adjustments were made. These increases were derived mainly in increased taxes and contribution from other government agencies. Expenditures also were reduced, more as a token through deferring purchases.

During the year, actual General Fund revenues shorted final budgetary estimates by \$1,668,741 namely because revenues from other government agencies did not materialize as expected. Actual expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$5,175,775. The net effect of both under-realization of revenues and under-utilization of appropriations resulted in a favorable budgetary variance of \$5,387,478 once other sources were considered, leaving a positive budgetary fund balance going into FY 2013-14.

VI. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

A. Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its Governmental Activities as of June 30, 2013, amounts to \$35,334,453 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, structures and improvements, equipment infrastructure and construction in progress. The total decrease in the County's governmental net investment in capital assets for the current period was 0.82% (net of accumulated depreciation). More detailed discussion can be found in Note 4 in the Notes to the Financial Statements section in this report. The current year depreciation is \$3,910,810. Business type function assets increased \$2,252,200 to \$7,164,237 with current year depreciation amounting to \$195,842.

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u> <u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>	2012	
Land	\$ 6,678,830	\$ 6,676,450	\$ 233,335	\$ 233,335	\$ 6,912,165	\$ 6,909,785	
Construction in progress	2,571,905 528,566		2,687,530	239,488	5,259,435	768,054	
Infrastructure	11,286,161	13,142,812	-	-	11,286,161	13,142,812	
Structures & improvements	11,004,593	11,188,121	4,222,288	4,414,038	15,226,881	15,602,159	
Equipment	3,551,087	3,642,928	21,084	25,176	3,572,171	3,668,104	
Intangibles	241,877	447,199			241,877	447,199	
Total	\$ 35,334,453	\$ 35,626,076	\$ 7,164,237	\$ 4,912,037	\$ 42,498,690	\$40,538,113	

The County elected to completely report its general infrastructure assets beginning July 1, 2003, and hired a consultant to value the infrastructure. The County has maintained and updated is initial valuation as necessary to keep current. Further details can be found in Note 4 of the financial statements. Important to note, assets are valued at their acquisition cost and not as a market value or replacement cost.

B. Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2013, the County Governmental activities had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$8,969,222, consisting of \$3,348,672 in compensated absences, \$1,666,950 in potential claims liability, and \$3,953,600 in 2012 PERS Sidefund Refunding. The Business type activities had \$3,024,600 in 2011 COP Refunding payable, \$133,333 in loans payable and \$6,620,787 in landfill post-closure costs. Additional information on the County's long-term liabilities can be found in Notes 5 and 6 of the financial statements.

Management Discussion and Analysis

VII. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND 2013-14 BUDGET AND RATES

- The unemployment rate for Mono County is as of November 2013 is 8.6 percent. This rate was not adjusted for seasonal employment. This compares similar to the state's average unemployment rate of 8.3 percent in November 2013, but above the United States unemployment rate, at 7.0 percent for the same period.
- Property tax values are expected to remain relatively flat in 2013-14. Since the first major declines
 over the past 5 years since 1978, property values have somewhat stabilized. There is very little new
 construction and the Assessor continues to monitor Prop 8 values. There should be fewer decreases
 and slow re-growth depending on the economy as a whole within the state and nation.
- Sales tax and vehicle license fee in-lieu revenues as a result of funding swaps for the repayment of State debt are expected to remain stable; however actual property tax receipts are expected remain relatively flat based upon the overall economy.
- The 2013-14 budget projects a 10% increase in health insurance costs (6 months) included in benefits as a result of the escalating health costs nationwide and a slight increase in vision premiums (4.9%) for 12 months. MOU negations will continue into 2013-14 employee participation in health benefits anticipated as well as salary freezes.

These factors plus others were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2013-14 fiscal year.

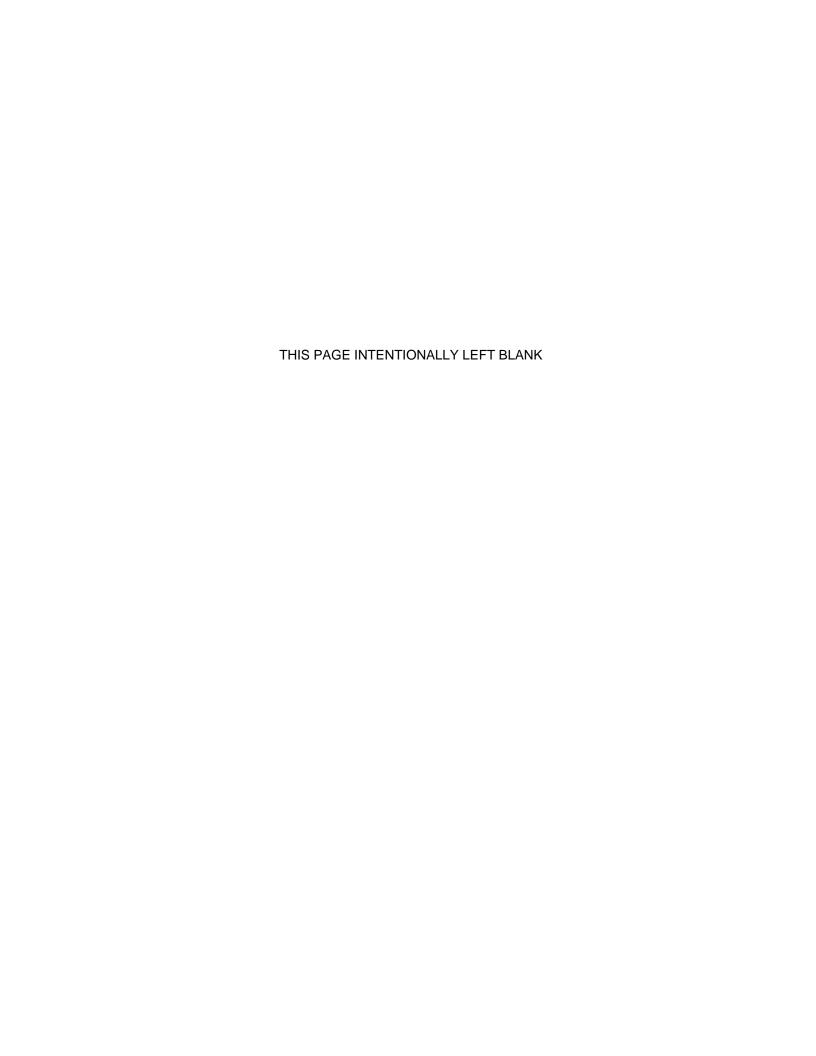
During the current fiscal year, the unassigned general fund monies decreased to \$5,458,121. County reserves increased slightly in 2012-13 by \$128,099. The County added \$110,966 to reserves during 2012-13 fiscal year and expects to maintain those reserves in 2013-14. Approximately \$305,000 is scheduled for contingencies in 2013-14.

VIII. REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to demonstrate accountability by the Mono County government by providing both a long-term and near-term views of the County's finances. Questions or comments regarding any of the information presented in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Director of Finance County of Mono P.O. Box 556 Bridgeport, CA 93517-0556 (760) 932-5490 THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

	Primary Government		
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and investments	\$ 12,209,119	\$ 674,945	\$ 12,884,064
Cash with fiscal agent		74,223	74,223
Restricted cash		2,666,171	2,666,171
Accounts receivable	1,153,473	233,378	1,386,851
Due from other governments	4,582,723	30,417	4,613,140
Taxes receivable	803,052		803,052
Deposits with others	3,947,508		3,947,508
Prepaid expenses	88,151		88,151
Inventories	346,766	2,112	348,878
Net pension asset	4,433,183		4,433,183
Other asset - OPEB	1,666,653		1,666,653
Internal balances	1,440,000	(1,440,000)	
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable	9,250,735	2,920,865	12,171,600
Depreciable, net	26,083,718	4,243,372	30,327,090
Total Assets	66,005,081	9,405,483	75,410,564
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts payable	2,296,343	165,267	2,461,610
Retention payable	90,902		90,902
Salaries and benefits payable	2,568,441	57,699	2,626,140
Interest payable	13,940	21,625	35,565
Deposits from others	4,096		4,096
Unearned revenue	1,158,296	6,833	1,165,129
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Portion due or payable within one year:			
Refunded certificates of participation		199,400	199,400
Bonds payable	548,000		548,000
Loan payable		33,333	33,333
Liability for compensated absences	669,734	10,573	680,307
Claims liability	1,666,950		1,666,950
Portion due or payable after one year:			
Refunded certificates of participation		2,825,200	2,825,200
Bonds payable	3,405,600		3,405,600
Loan payable		100,000	100,000
Liability for compensated absences	2,678,938	42,292	2,721,230
Closure/post-closure liability		6,620,787	6,620,787
Total Liabilities	15,101,240	10,083,009	25,184,249
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	35,334,453	7,030,904	42,365,357
Restricted for:			
Legally segregated taxes, grants and fees	4,722,105		4,722,105
Community development	323,479		323,479
General County programs	2,132,296		2,132,296
Health services	3,091,366		3,091,366
County service areas	1,387,929		1,387,929
Unrestricted	3,912,213	(7,708,430)	(3,796,217)
Total Net Position	\$ 50,903,841	\$ (677,526)	\$ 50,226,315

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

			Program Revenues		
Functions/Programs	Direct Expenses	Indirect Expenses	Fees, Fines and Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General government	\$ 12,164,116	\$ (5,280,618)	\$ 2,674,542	\$ 5,082,590	\$ 174,680
Public protection	16,571,324	3,149,828	449,899	4,192,520	
Public ways and facilities	7,303,535	722,747	1,004,117	5,010,521	
Health and sanitation	8,827,154	915,471	1,901,792	4,465,157	
Public assistance	3,477,969	492,572	109,015	2,805,347	
Education	37,758			1,602	
Recreation and culture	160,349				
Debt service - interest	171,063				
Total Governmental Activities	48,713,268		6,139,365	21,557,737	174,680
Business-Type Activities:					
Solid Waste	2,860,020		2,646,536	23,243	
Airport	250,328		11,635	2,246,105	
Cemeteries	75,816		456		
Campgrounds	24,830		33,587		
Total Business-type Activities	3,210,994		2,692,214	2,269,348	
Total Mono County	\$ 51,924,262	\$	\$ 8,831,579	\$ 23,827,085	\$ 174,680

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Transient occupancy tax

Other

Unrestricted interest and investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year

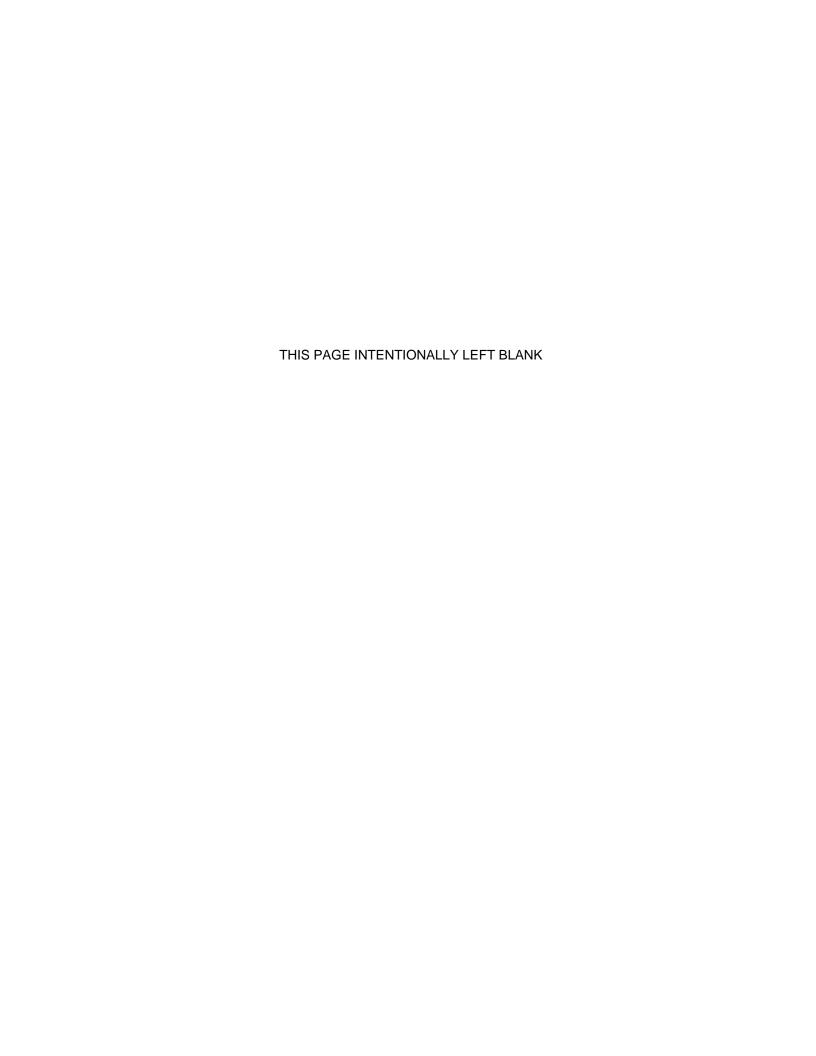
Net Position - End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Р	rima	ary Governmen	t	
(Governmental	usiness-Type		_	
	Activities		Activities		Total
\$	1,048,314	\$		\$	1,048,314
	(15,078,733)				(15,078,733)
	(2,011,644)				(2,011,644)
	(3,375,676)				(3,375,676)
	(1,056,179)				(1,056,179)
	(36,156)				(36,156)
	(160,349)				(160,349)
	(171,063)				(171,063)
	(20,841,486)				(20,841,486)
			(190,241)		(190,241)
			2,007,412		2,007,412
			(75,360)		(75,360)
			8,757		8,757
			1,750,568		1,750,568
	(20,841,486)		1,750,568		(19,090,918)
	18,598,557				18,598,557
	518,192				518,192
	2,413,673				2,413,673
	349,414				349,414
	316,780		28,732		345,512
	62,478		47,871		110,349
	(94,225)		94,225		
	22,164,869		170,828		22,335,697
	1,323,383		1,921,396		3,244,779
	49,580,458		(2,598,922)		46,981,536
\$	50,903,841	\$	(677,526)	\$	50,226,315

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

			Other	
	General	Road	Governmental	Total
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and investments	\$ 6,339,468	\$ 	\$ 5,034,433	\$11,373,901
Accounts receivable	1,143,092	10,381		1,153,473
Due from other governments	1,654,763	2,651,501	276,459	4,582,723
Taxes receivable	803,052			803,052
Due from other funds	1,067,390			1,067,390
Deposits with others	3,947,508			3,947,508
Prepaids	83,083		5,068	88,151
Inventories	1,266	345,500		346,766
Advances to other funds	1,440,000			1,440,000
Total Assets	\$ 16,479,622	\$ 3,007,382	\$ 5,315,960	\$24,802,964
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable	\$ 752,585	\$ 1,517,731	\$ 16,643	\$ 2,286,959
Retention payable		90,902		90,902
Salaries and benefits payable	2,327,124	216,025	25,292	2,568,441
Due to other funds		789,096	278,294	1,067,390
Deposits from others			4,096	4,096
Unearned revenue	1,158,296			1,158,296
Unavailable revenue	 1,308,039	812,091	104,801	2,224,931
Total Liabilities	5,546,044	3,425,845	429,126	9,401,015
	 _	_		
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	1,524,349	345,500	5,068	1,874,917
Restricted	3,010,167		4,289,781	7,299,948
Assigned			768,963	768,963
Unassigned	 6,399,062	(763,963)	(176,978)	5,458,121
Total Fund Balances	10,933,578	(418,463)	4,886,834	15,401,949
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 16,479,622	\$ 3,007,382	\$ 5,315,960	\$24,802,964

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities June 30, 2013

Fund Balance - total governmental funds (page 21)	\$ 15,401,949
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.	
Net pension asset Other post employment benefit asset	4,433,183 1,666,653
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	33,669,375
Unavailable revenues represent amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	2,224,931
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the cost of its motor pool and copier pool to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	2,490,912
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources, therefore, interest payable is not reported as a liability in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	(13,940)
Long-term liabilities, including capital leases, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Bonds payable	(3,953,600)
Claims liability Compensated absences	 (1,666,950) (3,348,672)
Net position of governmental activities (page 17)	\$ 50,903,841

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

			Other	
	General	Road	Governmental	Total
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 21,688,493	\$	\$ 191,343	\$ 21,879,836
Licenses and permits	596,333	5,280		601,613
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	711,190	50,202	148,182	909,574
Use of money and property	277,935	2,215	29,105	309,255
Intergovernmental	12,393,599	4,198,754	3,778,240	20,370,593
Charges for services	3,038,989	843,488	26,750	3,909,227
Other revenues	314,225	1,285	226,060	541,570
Total Revenues	39,020,764	5,101,224	4,399,680	48,521,668
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	6,291,771		234,145	6,525,916
Public protection	18,460,853		1,171,184	19,632,037
Public ways and facilities	1,052,357	7,094,955	73,100	8,220,412
Health and sanitation	9,611,503		183,797	9,795,300
Public assistance	3,957,868		48,181	4,006,049
Education	37,758		,	37,758
Recreation and culture	13,930			13,930
Debt service:				•
Principal			502,100	502,100
Interest			172,795	172,795
Capital outlay			346,890	346,890
Total Expenditures	39,426,040	7,094,955	2,732,192	49,253,187
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(405,276)	(1,993,731)	1,667,488	(731,519)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	1,488,559	588,000	1,233,952	3,310,511
Transfers out	(1,936,453)		(1,550,014)	(3,486,467)
Sale of capital assets	11,590			11,590
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(436,304)	588,000	(316,062)	(164,366)
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(841,580)	(1,405,731)	1,351,426	(895,885)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	11,775,158	987,268	3,535,408	16,297,834
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 10,933,578	\$ (418,463)	\$ 4,886,834	\$ 15,401,949

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Net change to fund balance - total governmental funds (page 23)			\$ (895,885)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.			
Expenditures for general capital assets, infrastructure, and other related capital assets adjustments Less: current year depreciation	\$	3,128,403 (3,157,401)	(28,998)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.			1,486,455
Long-term debt proceeds provide current resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt prinmcipal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces lon-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Principal retirements	_	502,100	502,100
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absences Change in claims liability		(131,200) (146,197)	
Change in accrued interest on long-term debt		(90,473) 1,732	(200 420)
Other post employment benefits are reported as an expenditure when contributions are made in the governmental funds, but are deferred			(366,138)
assets for contributions made in excess of required amounts. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of			713,155
certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			 (87,306)
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 18)			\$ 1,323,383

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2013

	June 30, 2	2013			
	Puoino	oo Turoo Activiit	tion Enterpris	oo Eundo	Governmental
	Dusine	ss-Type Activit		Total	Activities Internal
	Solid		Nonmajor Enterprise	Enterprise	Service
ASSETS .	Waste	Airport	Funds	Funds	Funds
Current Assets:	vvasie	Allport	1 unus	1 unus	1 unus
Cash and investments	\$ 411,375	\$ 183,461	\$ 80,109	\$ 674,945	\$ 835,218
Cash with fiscal agent	74,223	φ 105,401 	\$ 60,109 	74,223	φ 033,210
Accounts receivable	230,056	390	2,932	233,378	
Due from other governments	30,317	100	2,952	30,417	
Inventory	30,317	2,112		2,112	
Total Current Assets	745,971	186,063	83,041	1,015,075	835,218
Total Guitelli Assets	745,371	100,003	03,041	1,015,075	033,210
Noncurrent Assets:					
Restricted cash in Treasury	2,666,171			2,666,171	
Capital assets:					
Non-depreciable		2,920,865		2,920,865	
Depreciable, net	926,347	3,317,025		4,243,372	1,665,078
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,592,518	6,237,890		9,830,408	1,665,078
Total Assets	4,338,489	6,423,953	83,041	10,845,483	2,500,296
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	44,703	116,306	4,258	165,267	9,384
Salaries and benefits payable	57,699			57,699	
Interest payable	21,625			21,625	
Unearned Revenue	6,833			6,833	
Refunded certificates of participation	199,400			199,400	
Loan payable	33,333			33,333	
Compensated absences	10,573			10,573	
Total Current Liabilities	374,166	116,306	4,258	494,730	9,384
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Advances from other funds	1,440,000			1,440,000	
Refunded certificates of participation	2,825,200			2,825,200	
Loan payable	100,000			100,000	
Compensated absences	42,292			42,292	
Closure and postclosure liability	6,620,787			6,620,787	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	11,028,279			11,028,279	
Total Liabilities	11,402,445	116,306	4,258	11,523,009	9,384
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	793,014	6,237,890		7,030,904	1,665,078
Unrestricted	(7,856,970)	69,757	78,783	(7,708,430)	825,834
Total Net Position	\$(7,063,956)	\$6,307,647	\$ 78,783	\$ (677,526)	\$ 2,490,912

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Busine:	ss-Type Activiti	ies - Enterpris Nonmajor Enterprise	se Funds Total Enterprise	Governmental Activities Internal Service
	Waste	Airport	Funds	Funds	Funds
Operating Revenues:	vvasie	Alipoit	Fullus	Fullus	Fullus
Charges for services	\$ 2,646,536	\$ 11,635	\$ 34,043	\$ 2,692,214	\$ 713,840
Total Operating Revenues	2,646,536	11,635	34,043	2,692,214	713,840
Total Operating Nevertues	2,040,000	11,000	34,043	2,032,217	110,040
Operating Expenses:					
Salaries and benefits	730,135			730,135	
Services and supplies	1,038,464	89,518	100,646	1,228,628	257,000
Closure and postclosure costs	919,877			919,877	
Depreciation and amortization	35,032	160,810		195,842	737,039
Total Operating Expenses	2,723,508	250,328	100,646	3,074,482	994,039
Operating Income (Loss)	(76,972)	(238,693)	(66,603)	(382,268)	(280,199)
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses):					
Interest income	28,894	(1,318)	1,156	28,732	7,525
Interest expense	(136,512)			(136,512)	
Intergovernmental				·	52,748
Operating grants	23,243	2,246,105		2,269,348	
Miscellaneous	47,871			47,871	39,522
Gain on disposition of capital assets					11,367
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	(36,504)	2,244,787	1,156	2,209,439	111,162
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(113,476)	2,006,094	(65,447)	1,827,171	(169,037)
Transfers in	69,225		25,000	94,225	81,731
Change in Net Position	(44,251)	2,006,094	(40,447)	1,921,396	(87,306)
Net Position - Beginning of Year, restated	(7,019,705)	4,301,553	119,230	(2,598,922)	2,578,218
Net Position - End of Year	\$ (7,063,956)	\$6,307,647	\$ 78,783	\$ (677,526)	\$ 2,490,912

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Busin	ess-	Type Activition	es -	Enterprise	Fur	nds	G	overnmental Activities
				- / 1	Ν	lonmajor		Total		Internal
		Solid			Ε	nterprise		Enterprise		Service
		Waste		Airport		Funds		Funds		Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				_				_		
Cash receipts from customers	\$	2,613,771	\$	11,245	\$	32,672	\$	2,657,688	\$	
Cash receipts from internal fund services provided										713,840
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(993,811)		(89,518)		(96,388)		(1,179,717)		(253,007)
Cash paid to employees for services		(776,267)					_	(776,267)	_	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		843,693		(78,273)		(63,716)	_	701,704	_	460,833
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:										
Transfers in		69,225						69,225		
Due to other funds						25,000		25,000		93,098
Interfund advance from the General Fund		(195,000)						(195,000)		
Miscellaneous		47,871						47,871		39,522
Operating grants		23,243		2,246,105				2,269,348		52,748
Repayment of debt not attributable to capital purposes		(189,000)						(189,000)		
Interest payments and related fiscal charges		(137,864)						(137,864)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(381,525)		2,246,105		25,000	_	1,889,580		185,368
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:										
Capital grants				999				999		
Payments related to the acquisition of capital assets				(2,331,907)				(2,331,907)		(499,350)
Principal repayments related to capital purposes		(33,334)						(33,334)		
Sale of capital assets							_		_	25,434
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related										
Financing Activities		(33,334)	_	(2,330,908)				(2,364,242)		(473,916)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES										
Interest received (paid)		28,894		(1,318)		1,156		28,732		7,525
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		28,894		(1,318)		1,156	_	28,732		7,525
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		457,728		(164,394)		(37,560)		255,774		179,810
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		2,694,041		347,855		117,669	_	3,159,565	_	655,408
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	3,151,769	\$	183,461	\$	80,109	\$	3,415,339	\$	835,218
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Fund Net Position										
Cash and investments		411,375		183,461		80,109	\$	674,945		835,218
Cash with fiscal agent		74,223					,	74,223		
Restricted cash in Treasury		2,666,171						2,666,171		
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,151,769	\$	183,461	\$	80,109	\$	3,415,339	\$	835,218
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Statement of Cash Flows (continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					G	overnmental Activities		
		Solid				lonmajor nterprise	Total Enterprise		Internal Service
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by		Waste		Airport		Funds	Funds		Fund
Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by	\$	(76,972)	\$	(238,693)	\$	(66,603)	\$ (382,268)	\$	(280,199)
operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in:		35,032		160,810			195,842		737,039
Receivables Increase (decrease) in:		(39,598)		(390)		(1,371)	(41,359)		
Accounts payable		44,654				4,258	48,912		3,993
Accrued salaries and benefits		(13,548)				·	(13,548)		,
Unavailable revenue		6,833					6,833		
Closure and postclosure liability		919,876					919,876		
Liability for compensated absences		(32,584)	_		_		(32,584)	_	<u></u>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	843,693	\$	(78,273)	\$	(63,716)	\$ 701,704	\$	460,833

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2013

	Investment Trust Fund	Agency Funds
Assets Pooled cash and investments	\$ 46,972,192	\$ 4,203,567
Total Assets	\$ 46,972,192	\$ 4,203,567
<u>Liabilities</u> Agency funds held for others	\$	\$ 4,203,567
Total Liabilities		4,203,567
Net Position Net position held in trust for investment pool participants	46,972,192	
Total Net Position	\$ 46,972,192	\$

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Investmen		
		Trust	
<u>Additions</u>		Fund	
Contributions to pooled investments Net investment income:	\$	56,167,004	
Investment income		486,585	
Total Additions		56,653,589	
Deductions Distributions from pooled investments		56,462,669	
Total Deductions		56,462,669	
Change in net position		190,920	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		46,781,272	
Net Position - End of Year	\$	46,972,192	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provided in the financial section of this report are considered an integral and essential part of adequate disclosure and fair presentation of this report. The notes include a Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the County and other necessary disclosure of pertinent matters relating to the financial position of the County. The notes provide significant insight to the financial statements and are conjunctive to understanding the rational for presentation of the financial statements and information contained in this document.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. The Reporting Entity

The County operates under an Administrator-Board of Supervisors form of government and provides the following services: public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, culture and recreation, and general services.

The accounting methods and procedures adopted by the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental entities. These financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable under the criteria set by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statement No. 39 and No. 61.

Reporting for component units on the County's financial statements can be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the government's operations. Blended component units are an extension of the County and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County. Each component unit has a June 30th year end.

Blended Component Units

There are three entities which meet the criteria of a blended component unit. These dependent districts are Community Service Districts whose Advisory Boards are governed by the Board of Supervisors. The affected districts are Community Service Area #1 – Crowley; Community Service Area #5 – Bridgeport; and Community Service Area #2 – Benton.

Discretely Presented Component Units

There are no entities which meet the criteria of a discretely presented component unit.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its blended component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the program expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Program expenses include direct expenses, which are clearly identifiable with a specific function, and allocated indirect expenses. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, management has discretion as to which resources to apply. Generally, restricted resources are depleted before unrestricted.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund *operating* revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Nonoperating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the County that are not accounted for through other funds. For the County, the General Fund includes such activities as public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education and recreation and cultural services.
- The Road Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental
 activities of the County that relate to public ways not accounted through other funds.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

- The Mono County Solid Waste Fund is used to account for revenues and expenses necessary to carryout basic governmental activities of the County that relate to sanitation and are not accounted for through other funds.
- The Airport Fund is used to account for the activity of the airport.

The County reports the following additional fund types:

- Internal Service Funds account for the County's copier pool which purchases and maintains copy machines
 on a cost reimbursement basis and the County's motor pool which purchases and maintains vehicles on a
 cost reimbursement basis.
- The Investment Trust Fund accounts for the assets of legally separate entities that deposit cash with the County Treasurer. These entities include school and community college districts, other special districts governed by local boards, regional boards and authorities and pass through funds for tax collections for cities.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

These funds represent the assets, primarily cash and investments, and the related liability of the County to disburse these monies on demand.

The Agency Funds account for assets held by the County as an agent for various local governments.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except agency funds which have no measurement focus.

Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligible requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Property and sales taxes, interest, certain state and federal grants and charges for services are accrued when their receipt occurs within sixty days after the end of the accounting period so as to be measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

D. Cash and Investments

The County pools cash and investments with the County Treasurer. Investments are stated at amortized cost.

For purpose of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less and pooled cash to be cash equivalents.

In accordance with authorized investment laws, the County Treasurer invests in higher quality securities including various variable rate securities, such as federal agency notes, negotiable certificates of deposit and highly rated corporate medium-term note floating rate instruments. These securities are reported at cost on the balance sheet. They are included in the aggregate total for U.S. government agencies, negotiable certificates of deposit and corporate notes in Note 3 on Cash and Investments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Restricted Cash

Restricted cash consists of pooled cash and investments held to finance closure and postclosure costs as required by state and federal laws and regulations.

F. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Reported inventories are equally offset by a corresponding nonspendable portion of fund balance to indicate that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

G. Receivables

The County uses a 60-day time period for recognizing accruals in the governmental funds. Management believes its receivables are fully collectible and, accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed. Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) general fixed assets consisting of certain improvements including roads, bridges, water/sewer, lighting system, drainage systems, and flood control. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized (assets under capital leases) using the straight-line method over the lesser of the capital lease period or their estimated useful lives in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Infrastructure 20 to 50 years
Structures and improvements 20 to 50 years
Equipment 3 to 15 years

The County has five networks of infrastructure assets – roads, water/sewer, lighting, drainage, and flood control.

I. Unavailable Revenue and Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental and enterprise funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. Compensated Absences

Under the terms of union contracts, County employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts depending upon their respective bargaining unit. In the event of termination or death, an employee, or the employee's estate, is compensated for 100 percent of accumulated vacation. In the event of an employee's death or retirement, an employee, or the employee's estate, is compensated for accumulated sick leave in varying amounts from zero percent to 100 percent depending on the employee's bargaining unit and length of service. Comparing current and prior year balances with their respective payouts, it has been determined that approximately 20% of the accumulated balance is paid out the following year.

K. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a corresponding nonspendable portion of fund balance to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

L. Property Tax Revenue

The County's property taxes are levied on July 1 (unsecured roll) and October 1 (secured roll) on assessed values established on the lien date of the previous January 1 for all taxable property located within the County.

Property is reappraised from the 1975-76 base year value to current full value upon either (1) a change in ownership or (2) new construction, as of the date of such transaction or completion of construction (only the newly constructed portion of the property is reappraised).

Taxes are due in one installment (unsecured roll) by July 1 and are subject to late payment penalties if paid after August 31, or two installments (secured roll) due November 1 and February 1, and again subject to late payment penalties if paid after December 10 and April 10, respectively.

Property taxes are accrued as receivables in the period when they are levied. Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. "Available" means due, or past due, and receivable within the current period and collected or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities for the current period. This period was 90 days from the end of the fiscal year.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

M. Grant Revenues

Certain grant revenues are recognized when specific related expenditures have been incurred. In other grant programs, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are only revocable for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These revenues are recognized at the time of receipt, or earlier if susceptible to accrual criteria is met. Cash received prior to incurrence of the related expenditure is recorded as unearned revenue.

N. Net Position/Fund Balance

The government-wide and business-type activities fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position are categorized as invested capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted.

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one
 component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are
 attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this
 category.
- Restricted Net Position This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This category represents net position of the County, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2013, fund balances for governmental funds consist of the following categories:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (such as inventories or prepaid amounts).
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by external parties (such as creditors, grant providers, or contributors) or by law.
- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purpose determined by the Board of Supervisors. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Board of Supervisors taking the same formal action. The formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period. The amount which will be subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.
- Assigned Fund Balance is comprised of amounts intended to be used by the government entity for specific
 purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Supervisors or
 by an official or body to which the Board delegates the authority. Assigned fund balance can be used to
 eliminate a projected budgetary deficit in the subsequent year's budget.
- Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

N. Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

The Board of Supervisors establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of a resolution or an ordinance. This can be done through the adoption of the budget and subsequent budget amendments that occur throughout the year.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by the committed, assigned and unassigned resources as they are needed.

O. Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: **DEFICIT FUND EQUITY**

The following funds had deficit fund balances/net position at June 30, 2013, as follows:

Fund	<u></u>	Deficit
Special Revenue Funds:		
Road Fund	\$	418,463
Tobacco		8,410
Bioterrorism		142,280
Geothermal		22,000
Enterprise Funds:		
Solid Waste		7,063,956

These deficits are anticipated to be recovered through future years' revenues.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The County sponsors an investment pool that is managed by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through investment activities. Cash and investments for most County activities are included in the investment pool. Interest earned on the investment pool is distributed to the participating funds using a formula based on the average daily cash balance of each fund.

The investment pool includes both voluntary and involuntary participation from external entities. The State of California statutes require certain special districts and other governmental entities to maintain their cash surplus with the County Treasurer.

The County investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Investments made by the Treasurer are regulated by the California Government Code and by the County's investment policy. The objectives of the policy are in order of priority, safety, liquidity, yield, and public trust.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 3: **CASH AND INVESTMENTS** (continued)

The Board of Supervisors reviews and approves the investment policy annually. The County Treasurer prepares and submits a comprehensive investment report to the Board of Supervisors every quarter. The report covers the type of investments in the pool, maturity dates, par value, actual costs and fair value.

At June 30, 2013, total County cash and investments were as follows:

Cash on hand	\$ 10,264
Imprest cash	770
Deposits in bank	 4,359,025
Total	4,370,059
Investments:	
In Treasurer's pool	62,355,935
With fiscal agents external to the pool	74,223
	62,430,158
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 66,800,217

Cash and investments were reported in the Basic Financial Statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 12,209,119
Business-type activities	3,415,339
Investment trust fund	46,972,192
Agency funds	4,203,567
Total	\$ 66,800,217

Investments

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the County by the California Government Code or the County's investment policy, where more restrictive. The table also identifies certain provisions of the County's investment policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Federal Agency Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Bills	5 years	None	None
Local Agency Bonds and Obligations	5 years	30%	25%
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	10%	25%
Commercial Paper - Selected Agencies	270 days	10%	25%
Commercial Paper - Other Agencies	270 days	10%	25%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	10%	25%
Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	10%	25%
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	10%	25%
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	25%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	10%	25%
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
California Asset Management Program	N/A	10%	25%

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments (continued)

At June 30, 2013, the County had the following investments:

	Interest Rates	Maturities	Par	Fair Value	Cost	WAM (Years)
Investments in Investment Pool						
Federal Agency Issues - Coupon	.50% - 1.25%	3/20/16 - 6/4/18	\$ 26,000,000	\$ 25,576,500	\$ 25,980,249	4.21
Medium Term Corporate Bonds	1.0% - 6.2%	7/19/13 - 5/3/18	12,395,000	12,514,282	12,545,586	3.04
CD's	.75% - 1.25%	9/19/14 - 9/19/16	2,250,000	2,255,848	2,250,000	0.62
Municipal Bonds	.80% - 5.09%	9/1/13 - 9/1/17	7,040,000	7,243,462	7,211,986	2.82
LAIF	Variable	On Demand	14,368,114	14,368,114	14,368,114	0.00
Total investments in investment pool			\$ 62,053,114	\$ 61,958,206	\$ 62,355,935	2.68
Investments outside Investment Pool Primary Government: Cash held with fiscal agent						
Money Market Mutual Funds	Variable	On Demand	\$ 74,223	\$ 74,223	\$ 74,223	

The fair value of the investments is obtained by the County's safekeeping agent. At June 30, 2013, the difference between the cost and fair value of cash and investments was not material (fair value was 99.36% of carrying value). The County is reporting its cash and investments at cost.

Interest Rate Risk

The County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to two years or less in accordance with its investment policy. At June 30, 2013, the County's weighted average exceeded its policy by 0.68 year. This has been corrected and as of the last quarterly report (December 31, 2013) the WAM was at 1.75 years.

Credit Risk

State law and the County's Investment Policy limit investments in commercial paper to the rating of A1 by Standards & Poor's or P-1 by Moody's Investors Service. State law and the County's Investment Policy also limit investments in corporate bonds to the rating of A by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. The County does not have credit limits on government agency securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The following is a summary of the credit quality distribution and concentration of credit risk by investment type as a percentage of the County Investment Pool's fair value at June 30, 2013.

	Quality Rating Range	% of Portfolio
Municipal Bonds	AAA	11.69%
Federal Agency Issues - Coupon	AAA to AA+	41.28%
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Unrated	23.19%
Negotiable CDs	Unrated	3.64%
Medium Term Corporate Notes	AAA to A1	20.20%
Total		100.00%

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk (continued)

At June 30, 2013, the County had the following investments in any one issuer that represent 5 percent or more of the total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded because they are not a concentration of credit risk.

Federal National Mortgage Association	32.06%	\$ 19,988,941
Local Agency Investment Fund	23.04%	14,368,114
Total		\$ 34,357,055

Custodial Credit Risk

For investments and deposits held with fiscal agents, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, the County's investment pool and cash with fiscal agents had no securities exposed to custodial credit risk.

Local Agency Investment Fund

The County Treasurer's Pool maintains an investment in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). LAIF is part of the Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA), an investment pool consisting of funds held by the state in addition to those deposited in LAIF. All PMIA funds are managed by the Investment Division of the State Treasurer's Office. This fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, but is required to invest according to California Government Code. Participants in the pool include voluntary and involuntary participants, such as special districts and school districts for which there are legal provisions regarding their investments. The Local Investment Advisory Board (Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members as designated by State Statute.

At June 30, 2013, the County's investment position in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) was \$14,368,114, which approximates fair value and is the same as the value of the pool shares which is determined on an amortized cost basis. The total amount invested by all public agencies in PMIA on that day was \$58.8 billion. Of that amount, 1.96% was invested in structured notes and asset-backed securities with the remaining 98.04% invested in other non-derivative financial products.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

County Investment pool Condensed Financial Statements

The following represents a condensed statement of net position and changes in net position for the Treasurer's investment pool as of June 30, 2013:

Statement of Net Position

Net position held for pool participants	\$	66,725,994
Equity of external pool participants Equity of internal pool participants Total net position	\$	46,972,192 19,753,802 66,725,994
Statement of Changes in Net Position		
Net position at July 1, 2012 Net change in investments by pool participants Net position at June 30, 2013	<u> </u>	64,560,890 2,165,104 66,725,994
NAT DOCITION OF HIND 3H 2H13		

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2012	Additions	Deletions	Transfers & Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2013
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 6,676,450	\$ 2,380	\$	\$	\$ 6,678,830
Construction in progress	528,566	2,369,594	(3,439)	(322,816)	2,571,905
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	7,205,016	2,371,974	(3,439)	(322,816)	9,250,735
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Infrastructure	83,353,369			252,347	83,605,716
Structures and improvements	17,655,034	219,428		70,469	17,944,931
Equipment	16,412,860	1,049,137	(393,309)		17,068,688
Intangibles	1,128,116	14,421			1,142,537
Total capital assets, being depreciated	118,549,379	1,282,986	(393,309)	322,816	119,761,872
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	(70,210,557)	(2,108,998)			(72,319,555)
Structures and improvements	(6,466,913)	(473,425)			(6,940,338)
Equipment	(12,769,932)	(1,108,644)	360,975		(13,517,601)
Intangibles	(680,917)	(219,743)			(900,660)
Total accumulated depreciation	(90,128,319)	(3,910,810)	360,975		(93,678,154)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	28,421,060	(2,627,824)	(32,334)	322,816	26,083,718
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 35,626,076	\$ (255,850)	\$ (35,773)	\$	35,334,453
Business-Type Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 233,335	\$	\$	\$	\$ 233,335
Construction in progress	239,488	2,448,042			2,687,530
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	472,823	2,448,042			2,920,865
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Structures and improvements	4,988,193				4,988,193
Equipment	1,625,693		93,230		1,718,923
Total capital assets, being depreciated	6,613,886		93,230		6,707,116
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Structures and improvements	(574,155)	(191,750)			(765,905)
Equipment	(1,600,517)	(4,092)	(93,230)		(1,697,839)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,174,672)	(195,842)	(93,230)		(2,463,744)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	4,439,214	(195,842)			4,243,372
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,912,037	\$ 2,252,200	\$	\$	\$ 7,164,237

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 259,679
Public protection	199,442
Public ways and facilities	2,535,159
Health and sanitation	37,677
Public assistance	4,227
Recreation and culture	121,217
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the asset	753,409
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Functions	\$ 3,910,810

Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type functions as follows:

Solid Waste Airport	\$ 35,032 160,810
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Functions	\$ 195,842

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	Balance July 1, 2012	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2013	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds payable	\$ 4,455,700	\$	\$ (502,100)	\$ 3,953,600	\$ 548,000
Compensated absences	3,217,472	1,930,569	(1,799,369)	3,348,672	669,734
Claims liability	1,520,753	726,936	(580,739)	1,666,950	1,666,950
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 9,193,925	\$ 2,657,505	\$ (2,882,208)	\$ 8,969,222	\$ 2,884,684
Business-type Activities					
Refunded certificates of participation	\$ 3,213,600	\$	\$ (189,000)	\$ 3,024,600	\$ 199,400
Loans payable	166,667		(33,334)	133,333	33,333
Compensated absences	85,449	38,395	(70,979)	52,865	10,573
Landfill postclosure cost	5,700,911	919,876		6,620,787	
Total Business-type Activities					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 9,166,627	\$ 958,271	\$ (293,313)	\$ 9,831,585	\$ 243,306

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Claims and judgments will be paid from the general fund. Compensated absences are generally liquidated by several of the County's funds, including the general fund and several special revenue funds.

As of June 30, 2013, annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities							
Year Ending	Bonds Payable							
June 30	Principal		Interest					
2014	\$ 548,000	\$	161,658					
2015	596,300		138,460					
2016	647,700		113,220					
2017	702,100		85,809					
2018	762,900		52,562					
2019-2023	 696,600		95,175					
	 		_					
	\$ 3,953,600	\$	646,884					

			I	Business-Type	Activi	ties		
Year Ending	ding Certificates			ipation		Loans	Payab	le
June 30		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2014	\$	199,400	\$	129,756	\$	33,333	\$	
2015		204,600		121,202		33,333		
2016		214,600		112,424		33,334		
2017		223,300		103,218		33,334		
2018		236,800		93,638				
2019-2023		1,330,800		307,878				
2024-2025		615,100		39,948				
	\$	3.024.600	\$	908.064	\$	133.334	\$	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Long-term debt at June 30, 2013, consisted of the following:

Governmental activities	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rates	Annual Principal Installments	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding at June 30, 2013
2012 PERS Side Fund Refunding (to refund unfunded accrued liability for the County's retirement plan)	02/12	02/18 - 02/23	4.36%	\$116,300 - \$762,900	\$ 4,612,900	\$ 3,953,600
Business-type activities						
2011 Refunding of COPS 2001A (to refund 2001 Series A Certificates of Participation; to finance closure of four County landfills)	03/11	05/11 - 05/25	4.29%	\$189,000 - \$316,100	3,609,000	3,024,600
Note Payable (to finance capital improvements at the Bridgeport Landfill facility)	01/02	06/03 - 06/13	0.00%	\$33,333	500,000	133,334
Total business-type activities					\$ 4,109,000	\$ 3,157,934

NOTE 6: CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE LIABILITY

The County of Mono has six landfill sites. State and federal laws and regulations require the County to perform certain closure and postclosure maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date the landfills stop accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an expenditure in each year based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$6,620,787 reported as closure and postclosure liability in the Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2013, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the following estimated percentages of capacity applied to the estimated closure and postclosure care costs:

							Estimated	Landfill
				Estimated		Estimated	Percentage of	Closure and
	Estimated	Estimated	Total	Total	Remaining	Capacity	Capacity Used	Postclosure
	Closure	Postclosure	Estimated	Capacity	Capacity	Used	through	Liability at
Landfill Site	Costs	Costs	Cost	(Cubic Yards)	(Cubic Yards)	(Cubic Yards)	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2013
Benton Crossing	\$ 4,369,358	\$ 2,080,935	\$ 6,450,292	2,253,100	1,100,556	1,152,544	51.15%	\$ 3,299,563
Pumice Valley	1,283,165	1,493,493	2,776,658	347,112	235,458	111,654	32.17%	893,155
Walker	759,718	879,780	1,639,498	340,716	277,546	63,170	18.54%	303,969
Benton*		741,600	741,600					741,600
Bridgeport*		835,000	835,000					835,000
Chalfant*		547,500	547,500					547,500
Total	\$ 6,412,241	\$ 6,578,308	\$ 12,990,548	2,940,928	1,613,560	1,327,368	45.13%	\$ 6,620,787

^{*} Landfills are closed and tracking of statistics is no longer required or useful

The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$6,369,761 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2013.

Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, change in technology, or changes in regulations.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 6: CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE LIABILITY (continued)

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to a trust or pledge future revenues to finance closure and postclosure costs. At June 30, 2013, cash and investments of \$2,666,171 were held as restricted cash for these purposes. The County expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional postclosure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example) these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or from future tax revenues. The County has elected to utilize the Pledge of Revenue financial assurance mechanism.

NOTE 7: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transfers:

Transfer from	Transfer to	Amount
General Fund	Road Nonmajor Governmental Funds Solid Waste Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds	\$ 588,000 1,172,497 69,225 25,000 81,731 1,936,453
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,488,559 61,455 1,550,014
	Total	\$ 3,486,467

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2013, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount		
General Fund	Road Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$ 789,096 278,294		
		\$ 1,067,390		

The above balances reflect temporary loans to cover cash deficits at June 30.

Advances to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
General Fund	Solid Waste Fund	\$	1,440,000	

The advance represents an interest free loan between the General Fund and the Solid Waste Fund to fund decreases in revenues due to current economic conditions.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 8: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

A. Plan Description

The County contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by statute. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office – 400 Q Street – Sacramento, CA 95811.

B. Funding Policy

Active plan members in PERS are required to contribute 8 percent (9 percent for safety employees) of their annual covered salary. The County is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the PERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2012-13 was 19.495 percent for miscellaneous employees; 24.112 percent for safety employees and 1st tier fire; and 20.040 percent for 2nd tier fire. The contribution requirements of the plan are established by State statute and the employer contribution rate is established and may be amended by PERS.

C. Annual Pension Cost

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the County's annual pension cost of \$4,007,305 for PERS was equal to the County's required and actual contributions plus the amortization of the pension asset. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2009, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.75 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses); (b) projected annual salary increases that vary by age, service, and type of employment; and (c) 3.25 percent per year cost-of-living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.0 percent.

The actuarial value of the County's assets was determined using a technique that smoothes the effect of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 15-year period depending on the size of the investment gains and/or losses. The County's excess assets are being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. There is an average of 24 years remaining in the amortization period at June 30, 2009 (the valuation date) under the miscellaneous plan.

The County's annual pension cost and prepaid pension asset, computed in accordance with GASB 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers*, for the year ended June 30, 2013, were as follows:

Annual required contribution (County fiscal year basis)	\$ 4,007,305
Annual pension cost (APC)	4,007,305
Contributions made	3,916,832
Increase (decrease) in pension asset	(90,473)
Net pension asset, beginning of year	4,523,656
Net pension asset, end of year	\$ 4,433,183

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 8: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (continued)

C. Annual Pension Cost (continued)

The following table shows the County's annual pension cost and the percentage contributed for the fiscal year 2012-2013 and each of the two preceding fiscal years:

Fiscal	Annual			Percentage	1	Net
Year	Pension			of APC	Pe	ension
Ending	Cost	Co	Contributions Contributed		A	sset
			_			
2011	\$ 4,516,464	\$	4,516,464	100%	\$	
2012	4,414,578		8,938,234	202%	4,5	23,656
2013	4,007,305		3,916,832	98%	4,4	33,183

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows (in thousands):

Actuarial Valuation Date	A A	ntry Age ctuarial ccrued Liability		ctuarial Asset Value	A	derfunded ctuarial ccrued .iability	Funded Covered Ratio Payroll			Underfunded Actuarial Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll
Miscellaneous Plan										
06/30/12	\$	84,619	\$	66,804	\$	17,815	78.9%	\$	13,022	136.8%

Safety Plan

This information is no longer available for the Safety Plan. Information is available on a pooled-basis only and can be obtained from CalPERS, P.O. Box 942709, Sacramento, CA 94229-2709.

The schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information (RSI) immediately following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AAL for benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 9: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The County administers a postemployment healthcare plan, a single-employer defined benefit post employment healthcare plan. The County established another post employment health benefit (OPEB) trust with the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) which is used to accumulate resources to fund future benefits, however it does not represent the activities of the plan. The Plan provides medical, dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees.

The County provides post-retirement health care benefits, in accordance with County employment contracts, to all employees who retire, on a tiered basis. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2002, who have attained the age of 55 and have accrued a minimum of 20 years of service are entitled to post-retirement health care benefits. (In this category, age and time are tiered between age 50 and 55 with between 5 and 20 years of service depending upon the date of hire). Employees hired after January 1, 2002, are not eligible for post-retirement health care benefits. Instead, employees hired after this date shall be eligible to receive County contributions into an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) Plan established by the County. Currently, 165 retirees and 55 employees, not yet retired, meet the eligibility requirements for the pre-2002 hire health care retirement benefits. This is a closed group with no new members added or eligible. The County has a two-part system for acknowledging this liability. 1) The county budgets for the full 3% match of employee salaries to match the 3% maximum payable under the 401(a) plan. The excess not paid to participating employees remains in the retirement trust fund to pay on-going retiree costs. 2) The County budgets for the ARC with payments first going to fund current retiree costs and the remainder in trust to fund future retiree costs.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of the plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the County. The contribution is based on the difference between what the County paid directly to or on behalf of eligible employees and the full value of the annual required contributions (ARC). For fiscal year 2012-13, the County contributed \$2,690,942, or 137% of the ARC, to the Post Employment Benefit Plan.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual required contribution (ARC) is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45 – *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension*. The County's ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over a period of 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan (dollar amount in thousands):

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 1,968,353
Interest on prior year Net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	(64,361) 73,795
Annual OPEB cost	1,977,787
Contributions made	(2,690,942)
Change in OPEB benefit	(713,155)
Net OPEB asset - beginning of year	(953,498)
Net OPEB asset - end of year	\$ (1,666,653)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 9: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan (as described in the funding policy above), and the Net OPEB Obligation is as follows:

Fiscal		Percentag	je of	Net		
Year	Annual	Annual Ol	PEB	OPEB		
Ended	 OPEB Cost	Cost Contri	buted_	Asset		
	 _			_		
6/30/11	\$ 2,437,305	104%	\$	792,912		
6/30/12	2,443,286	107%		953,498		
6/30/13	1,977,787	136%		1,666,653		

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan, based on an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2012, the plan's most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 26,703,201
Actuarial value of plan assets	 7,315,541
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	 19,387,660
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	27.40%
Covered payroll (active Plan members)	n/a
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	n/a

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2010 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.0% investment rate of return, an inflation rate of 3.25% per year, and assumed medical inflation of 9% graded down to 5% over 9 years. The OPEB plan's unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized by level percent of payroll contributions over 30 years. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2013, was 25 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 10: **NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances are presented in the following categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. A detailed schedule of fund balances at June 30, 2013 is as follows:

	General Fund			Road Fund	Other Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable:						
Prepaids and inventory	\$	84,349	\$	345,500	\$	5,068
Advances		1,440,000				
Total Nonspendable		1,524,349		345,500		5,068
Restricted for:						
Health services		3,010,167				81,199
County service areas						1,387,929
Community development						323,479
Various grants programs						2,497,174
Total Restricted		3,010,167				4,289,781
Assigned:						
Capital projects						743,363
Debt service						25,600
Total Assigned						768,963
Unassigned		6,399,062		(763,963)		(176,978)
Total Fund Balance	\$	10,933,578	\$	(418,463)	\$	4,886,834

In circumstances where an expenditures is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

NOTE 11: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The County's General Fund is used to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss for general liability and workers' compensation. Under this program, the Risk Management Funds provide coverage for up to a maximum of \$125,000 for each workers' compensation claim and \$25,000 for each general liability claim, up to four claims per year. The County is a member of the Trindel Insurance Fund. Trindel Insurance Fund (JPA) is classified as a claims-servicing or account pool, which results in the County retaining the risk of loss and being considered self-insured with regard to liability coverage for the first \$100,000 of general liability per occurrence. The County maintains reserves on hand with the Trindel Insurance Fund for all known claims as calculated by the actuary and a prudent reserve for the deductibles for future claims.

The County also belongs to another larger JPA called the County Supervisors Association of California Excess Insurance Authority (CSACEIA). CSACEIA, along with other commercial carriers, increases the coverage for general liability to \$15 million. Also, CSACEIA, along with other commercial carriers, covers replacement cost on

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 11: RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

property to \$600 million with a \$1,000 deductible per occurrence. CSACEIA is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The County pays an annual premium to the Authority for excess insurance coverage. Should actual losses among participants be greater than anticipated, the County will be assessed its pro rata share of the deficiency. Conversely, if the actual losses are less than anticipated, the County will be refunded its pro rata share of the excess. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

All funds of the County participate in the program and make payments to the Risk Management funds based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. The claims liability of \$1,666,950 reported in the government-wide statements at June 30, 2013, is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Estimates of the liabilities for incurred (both reported and unreported) but unpaid claims are actuarially determined. Liabilities are based on the estimated cost of settling the claims.

Changes in the County's claims liability amount for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2012 and 2013 were as follows:

		Cu	rrent Year		
Fiscal	Balance at	C	laims and		Balance at
Year	Beginning of	CI	hanges in	Claims	End of
Ended	Fiscal Year	E	EstimatesPayments_		Fiscal Year
			_		
2012	\$ 1,474,306	\$	396,725	\$ 350,278	\$ 1,520,753
2013	1,520,753		726,936	580,739	1,666,950

The County is also involved in various cases in which there is a reasonable possibility of loss. All of the cases in excess of the \$100,000 retained liability limit are covered by excess insurance coverage. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, these cases have not been accrued in the financial statements.

NOTE 12: JOINT AGENCIES

The CSAC Excess Insurance Authority is a joint powers authority organized for the purpose to develop and fund excess insurance programs for member counties. The Authority operates public entity risk pools for workers' compensation, comprehensive liability, property, medical malpractice, and pool purchases excess insurance and services for members. The Authority is under the control and direction of a board of directors consisting of representatives of the fifty member counties.

Complete audited financial statements for CSAC Excess Insurance Authority can be obtained from the Authority's Office at 3017 Gold Canal Drive, Suite 300, Rancho Cordova, California 95670.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 13: **COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The County is involved in several lawsuits. Due to the nature of the cases, County Counsel is unable to estimate at this time the probability of favorable or unfavorable outcomes. Therefore, no provision has been made in the financial statements for a loss contingency.

NOTE 14: NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB recently released several new accounting and financial reporting standards. The following new standards may have a significant impact on the County's financial reporting process.

GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. It improves financial reporting for state and local governments by reclassifying, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

GASB Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections* – *2012*, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. It improves financial reporting for state and local governments by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from issuance of GASB Statements Nos. 54 and 62.

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The principal objective of this statements is to improve the usefulness of information for decisions made by the various users of the general purpose external financial reports of governments whose employees – both active employees and inactive employees – are provided with pensions. An additional objective is to improve the information provided in government financial reports about pension-related financial support provided by certain non-employer entities that make contributions to pension plans that are used to provide benefits to the employees of other entities.





Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - RETIREMENT PLAN

The table below shows a three-year analysis of the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of the annual covered payroll as of June 30 (\$ in thousands):

Actuarial Valuation Date	Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability	Actuarial Asset Value	Underfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Underfunded Actuarial Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll
Miscellaneous	<u>Plan</u>					
6/30/2010 6/30/2011 6/30/2012	75,123 80,865 84,619	58,818 63,118 66,804	16,305 17,747 17,815	78.3% 78.1% 78.9%	14,774 13,860 13,022	110.4% 128.0% 136.8%

Safety Plan

This information is no longer available for the Safety Plan. Information is available on a pooled-basis only and can be obtained from CalPERS, P.O. Box 942709, Sacramento, CA 94229-2709.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH PLAN

The table below shows an analysis of the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of the annual covered payroll as of June 30 (\$ amount in thousands):

Actuarial Valuation Date	F	Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability		Actuarial Asset Value		derfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Underfunded Actuarial Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll
01/01/08 01/01/10 01/01/12	\$	26,320 27,643 26,703	\$	2,640 3,567 7,315	\$	23,680 24,076 19,388	10.0% 12.9% 27.4%	n/a n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 20,449,000	\$ 20,715,239	\$ 21,688,493	\$ 973,254
Licenses and permits	613,800	613,800	596,333	(17,467)
Fines, forfeits and penalties	766,300	766,300	711,190	(55,110)
Revenue from use of money and property	126,869	126,869	277,935	151,066
Aid from other governments	12,699,682	12,972,748	12,393,599	(579,149)
Charges for services	3,119,150	3,165,185	3,038,989	(126,196)
Miscellaneous revenue	269,100	257,866	314,225	56,359
Total Revenues	38,043,901	38,618,007	39,020,764	402,757
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	7,416,877	7,714,861	6,291,771	1,423,090
Public protection	20,783,687	21,143,041	18,460,853	2,682,188
Public way and facilities	1,127,242	1,127,742	1,052,357	75,385
Health and sanitation	9,862,568	9,862,568	9,611,503	251,065
Public assistance	4,393,597	4,393,597	3,957,868	435,729
Education	38,322	38,322	37,758	564
Recreation and culture	53,000	53,000	13,930	39,070
Total Expenditures	43,675,293	44,333,131	39,426,040	4,907,091
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,631,392)	(5,715,124)	(405,276)	5,309,848
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of capital assets	6,500	6,500	11,590	5,090
Transfers in	2,124,543	2,232,463	1,488,559	(743,904)
Transfers out	(2,527,090)	(2,716,110)	(1,936,453)	779,657
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(396,047)	(477,147)	(436,304)	40,843
Net Change in Fund Balances	(6,027,439)	(6,192,271)	(841,580)	5,350,691
Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	11,775,158	11,775,158	11,775,158	
Budgetary Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 5,747,719	\$ 5,582,887	\$ 10,933,578	\$ 5,350,691

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Road Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with		
		Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget		
Revenues:									
Licenses and permits	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	5,280	\$	280	
Fines, forfeits and penalties		50,000		50,000		50,202		202	
Revenue from use of money and property		1,000		1,000		2,215		1,215	
Aid from other governments		7,846,642		7,513,375		4,198,754		(3,314,621)	
Charges for services		698,000		798,000		843,488		45,488	
Other revenues		12,500		12,500		1,285		(11,215)	
Total Revenues		8,613,142		8,379,875		5,101,224		(3,278,651)	
Expenditures: Current: Public way and facilities		9,803,243		9,856,843		7,094,955		2,761,888	
Total Expenditures		9,803,243		9,856,843		7,094,955		2,761,888	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,190,101)		(1,476,968)		(1,993,731)		(516,763)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in		550,000		588,000		588,000			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		550,000		588,000		588,000			
Net Change in Fund Balances		(640,101)		(888,968)		(1,405,731)		(516,763)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		987,268		987,268		987,268			
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	347,167	\$	98,300	\$	(418,463)	\$	(516,763)	

Note to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

General Budget Policies

By State law, the County Board of Supervisors must approve a tentative budget no later than June 30 of each year, and adopt a final budget no later than August 30. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. However, due to the lateness of the adoption of the State budget, the County by resolution R03-058 has extended these periods to August 10 and October 2, respectively.

From the effective date of the budget, which is adopted and controlled at the departmental level, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various County departments. However, the legal level of control is the fund level. The Board of Supervisors may amend the budget by resolution during the fiscal year. Department heads may, upon approval of the Auditor-Controller, make transfers from one object or purpose to another within the same budget unit. All other budget amendments must be approved by the Board. It is this final revised budget that is presented in the basic financial statements. Appropriations lapse at year end.

Budgets are adopted for the general fund and most special revenue funds. Accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis are materially the same as those used to present financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

Individual fund budgetary comparisons are not presented at the detail budget unit level due to their excessive length. A separate publication presenting this information is available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.
Capital Project Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including that acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

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Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

Special Revenue Emergency Bio Fish and Medical Geothermal Terrorism Game Tobacco Services **Assets** Cash and investments \$ \$ \$ 13,125 3,729 82,688 Due from other governments 240,035 Prepaids 4,288 **Total Assets** 240,035 13,125 8,017 82,688 Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ \$ 4,796 \$ \$ \$ 1,489 7,559 Salaries and benefits payable 16,424 8,868 Due to other funds 22,000 256,294 Deposits from others Unavailable Revenue 104,801 **Total Liabilities** 22,000 382,315 16,427 1,489 **Fund Balance** Nonspendable 4,288 Restricted 13,125 81,199 Assigned Unassigned (22,000)(142,280)(12,698)**Total Fund Balances** (22,000)(142,280)13,125 (8,410)81,199 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances 240,035 \$ 13,125 \$ 8,017 82.688 \$

continued

Combining Balance Sheet (continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

					Spe	ecial Revenu	е			
<u>Assets</u>	Major Thoroughfare		Mitigation Fee		County Service Areas		Realignment Fund		De	evelopment Impact
Cash and investments Due from other governments Prepaids	\$	63,504 	\$	117,262 	\$	1,393,270 780	\$	1,130,825 	\$	206,217
Total Assets	\$	63,504	\$	117,262	\$	1,394,050	\$	1,130,825	\$	206,217
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds Deposits from others Unavailable Revenue Total Liabilities	\$	 	\$	 	\$	1,245 4,096 	\$	 	\$	
Fund Balance Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned		63,504 	_	 117,262 	_	780 1,387,929 		1,130,825 		 206,217
Total Fund Balances		63,504		117,262		1,388,709		1,130,825		206,217
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	63,504	\$	117,262	\$	1,394,050	\$	1,130,825	\$	206,217

continued

Combining Balance Sheet (continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

	Specia	al Re	evenue	Capital Projects		Debt Service			
	Various		Total	Ν	liscellaneous				
	Restricted		Special		Capital	Debt Service			
	Grant Funds		Revenue	Ir	mprovements	Fund		Total	
<u>Assets</u>									
Cash and investments	\$ 1,254,098	\$	4,264,718	\$	744,115	\$	25,600	\$ 5,034,43	33
Due from other governments	36,424		276,459					276,45	59
Prepaids			5,068					5,06	86
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	_		_		_		^ · · ·	
Total Assets	\$ 1,290,522	\$	4,546,245	\$	744,115	\$	25,600	\$ 5,315,96	30
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ 802	\$	15,891	\$	752	\$		\$ 16,64	43
Salaries and benefits payable			25,292					25,29	92
Due to other funds			278,294					278,29	94
Deposits from others			4,096					4,09	96
Unavailable Revenue			104,801					104,80)1
Total Liabilities	802		428,374		752			429,12	26
			,						
Fund Balance									
Nonspendable			5,068					5,06	
Restricted	1,289,720		4,289,781					4,289,78	
Assigned					743,363		25,600	768,96	
Unassigned			(176,978)					(176,97	78)
Total Fund Balances	1,289,720		4,117,871		743,363		25,600	4,886,83	34_
Total Liabilities and Fund									
Balances	\$ 1,290,522	\$	4,546,245	\$	744,115	\$	25,600	\$ 5,315,96	60

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Special Revenue								
	Geo	othermal	Bio Terrorism		Fish and Game		Tobacco		nergency Medical Services
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$		\$	\$		\$		\$	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties					9,057		861		71,698
Use of money and property			(1,735)		173		(64)		546
Intergovernmental			549,301			1	50,000		
Charges for services									
Miscellaneous		73,000							
Total Revenues		73,000	547,566		9,230	1	50,797		72,244
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government									
Public protection			497,358		10,370				
Public ways and facilities		73,100							
Health and sanitation						1	44,477		39,320
Public assistance									
Debt service:									
Principal									
Interest									
Capital outlay									
Total Expenditures		73,100	497,358		10,370	1	44,477		39,320
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(100)	50,208		(1,140)		6,320		32,924
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in			210,743				22,206		
Transfers out									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			210,743	_			22,206		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(100)	260,951		(1,140)		28,526		32,924
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		(21,900)	(403,231)		14,265	((36,936)		48,275
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	(22,000)	\$ (142,280)	\$	13,125	\$	(8,410)	\$	81,199

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Special Revenue									
	Major Thoroughfare		Mitigation Fee		County Service Areas		Realignment Fund			velopment Impact
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$		\$		\$	191,343	\$ -	-	\$	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties								-		
Use of money and property		630	1,1	64		14,779	-	-		2,046
Intergovernmental						20,000	2,162,30	8		
Charges for services						18,857	-	-		
Miscellaneous						13,560				
Total Revenues		630	1,1	64		258,539	2,162,30	8		2,046
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government						151,449	-	-		
Public protection							-	-		
Public ways and facilities							-	-		
Health and sanitation							-	-		
Public assistance							-	-		
Debt service:										
Principal							-	-		
Interest							-	-		
Capital outlay										
Total Expenditures					_	151,449		_		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures		630	1,1	64		107,090	2,162,30	8_		2,046
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in							48,11	7		
Transfers out							(1,457,25			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					_		(1,409,13	_		
Net Change in Fund Balances		630	1,1	64		107,090	753,16	9		2,046
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		62,874	116,0	98		1,281,619	377,65	6		204,171
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	63,504	\$117,2	262	\$	1,388,709	\$ 1,130,82	5	\$	206,217

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Special Revenue		Capital Projects	Debt Service	
	Various	Total	Miscellaneous		
	Restricted	Special	Capital	Debt Service	
	Grant Funds	Revenue	Improvements	Fund	Total
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$	\$ 191,343	\$	\$	\$ 191,343
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	66,566	148,182			148,182
Use of money and property	11,566	29,105			29,105
Intergovernmental	721,951	3,603,560	174,680		3,778,240
Charges for services	7,893	26,750			26,750
Miscellaneous	139,100	225,660	400		226,060
Total Revenues	947,076	4,224,600	175,080		4,399,680
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	599	152,048	82,097		234,145
Public protection	663,456	1,171,184	02,007		1,171,184
Public ways and facilities		73,100			73,100
Health and sanitation		183,797			183,797
Public assistance	48,181	48,181			48,181
Debt service:	40,101	40,101			40,101
Principal				502,100	502,100
Interest				172,795	172,795
Capital outlay			346,890	172,733	346,890
Total Expenditures	712,236	1,628,310	428,987	674,895	2,732,192
Total Experiatores	7 12,200	1,020,010	420,307	014,033	2,732,132
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	234,840	2,596,290	(253,907)	(674,895)	1,667,488
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	15,000	296,066	313,876	624,010	1,233,952
Transfers out	(16,635)	(1,473,891)	(76,123)		(1,550,014)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,635)	(1,177,825)	237,753	624,010	(316,062)
Net Change in Fund Balances	233,205	1,418,465	(16,154)	(50,885)	1,351,426
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	1,056,515	2,699,406	759,517	76,485	3,535,408
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 1,289,720	\$ 4,117,871	\$ 743,363	\$ 25,600	\$4,886,834

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS
Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges; or where the County has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

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Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2013

<u>Assets</u>	Campgrounds		Ce	meteries	 Total
Current Assets: Pooled cash and investments Accounts Receivable	\$	54,390 2,932	\$	25,719 	\$ 80,109 2,932
Total Assets		57,322		25,719	 83,041
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable		4,246		12	4,258
Total Liabilities		4,246		12	 4,258
Net Position					
Unrestricted		53,076		25,707	78,783
Total Net Position	\$	53,076	\$	25,707	\$ 78,783

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Campgrounds	Cemeteries	Total		
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	\$ 33,587	\$ 456	\$ 34,043		
Total Operating Revenues	33,587	456	34,043		
Operating Expenses: Services and supplies	24,830	75,816	100,646		
Total Operating Expenses	24,830	75,816	100,646		
Operating Income (Loss)	8,757	(75,360)	(66,603)		
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Interest income (expense)	525	631	1,156		
Total Non-Operating Revenues	525	631	1,156		
Income (loss) before transfers	9,282	(74,729)	(65,447)		
Transfers in		25,000	25,000		
Change in Net Position	9,282	(49,729)	(40,447)		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	43,794	75,436	119,230		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 53,076	\$ 25,707	\$ 78,783		

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Can	npgrounds	С	emeteries		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash receipts from customers	\$	32,216	\$	456	\$	32,672
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(20,584)		(75,804)		(96,388)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		11,632		(75,348)		(63,716)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING						
Transfers from other funds				25,000		25,000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities				25,000		25,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest received (paid)		525		631		1,156
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		525		631		1,156
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash						
and Cash Equivalents		12,157		(49,717)		(37,560)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		42,233		75,436		117,669
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	54,390	\$	25,719	\$	80,109
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss)						
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by						
Operating Activities:	Φ.	0.757	Φ.	(75.000)	Φ.	(00,000)
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income	\$	8,757	\$	(75,360)	\$	(66,603)
(loss) to net cash provided (used) by						
operating activities:						
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Increase (decrease) in:						
Receivables		(1,371)				(1,371)
Payables		4,246		12		4,258
Net Cash Provided (Used) by						
Operating Activities	\$	11,632	\$	(75,348)	\$	(63,716)

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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

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Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2013

	Copier Pool	Motor Pool	Total
<u>Assets</u>			
Current Assets:			
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 4,386	\$ 830,832	\$ 835,218
Total Current Assets	4,386	830,832	835,218
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital assets:			
Depreciable, net	92,783	1,572,295	1,665,078
Total Noncurrent Assets	92,783	1,572,295	1,665,078
Total Assets	97,169	2,403,127	2,500,296
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	1,279	8,105	9,384
Total Liabilities	1,279	8,105	9,384
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	92,783	1,572,295	1,665,078
Unrestricted	3,107	822,727	825,834
Total Net Position	\$ 95,890	\$ 2,395,022	\$ 2,490,912

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Copier Pool		Motor Pool		Total	
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	\$	112,448	\$	601,392	\$	713,840	
Total Operating Revenues		112,448		601,392		713,840	
Operating Expenses:							
Services and supplies		78,578		178,422		257,000	
Depreciation		34,046		702,993		737,039	
Total Operating Expenses		112,624		881,415		994,039	
Operating Income (Loss)	-	(176)		(280,023)		(280,199)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):							
Interest income (expense)		(187)		7,712		7,525	
Intergovernmental				52,748		52,748	
Miscellaneous				39,522		39,522	
Loss on disposition of capital assets		11,367				11,367	
Total Non-Operating Revenues		11,180		99,982		111,162	
Income (loss) before transfers		11,004		(180,041)		(169,037)	
Transfers in				81,731		81,731	
Change in Net Position		11,004		(98,310)		(87,306)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		84,886		2,493,332		2,578,218	
Net Position - End of Year	\$	95,890	\$	2,395,022	\$	2,490,912	

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Co	opier Pool	M	lotor Pool		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash receipts from interfund services provided	\$	112,448	\$	601,392	\$	713,840
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(78,625)		(174,382)		(253,007)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		33,823		427,010	_	460,833
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING		44.007		04.704		00.000
Due to other funds		11,367		81,731		93,098
Operating Grants				52,748		52,748
Other revenues				39,522	_	39,522
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		11,367		174,001		39,522
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING						
Payments related to the acquisition of capital assets		(41,926)		(457,424)		(499,350)
Sale of capital assets		(41,920)		• •		. ,
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related				25,434	_	25,434
Financing Activities		(41.026)		(421 000)		(472 016)
Financing Activities		(41,926)		(431,990)	_	(473,916)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest received (paid)		(187)		7,712		7,525
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		(187)		7,712	_	7,525
Net Oddin Tovided (Oded) by investing Activities		(101)		7,712	_	7,020
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash						
and Cash Equivalents		3,077		176,733		33,964
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		1,309		654,099		655,408
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	4,386	\$	830,832	\$	835,218
Pagenciliation of Operating Income (Legal)						
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by						
Operating Activities:						
Operating Activities. Operating income (loss)	\$	(176)	\$	(280,023)	Ф	(280,199)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income	Ψ	(170)	Ψ	(200,023)	Ψ	(200, 199)
,						
(loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
·		34,046		702,993		737,039
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		34,046		702,993		737,039
Increase (decrease) in:		(17)		4.040		3 003
Payables		(47)		4,040	_	3,993
Net Cash Provided (Used) by						
Operating Activities	\$	33,823	\$	427,010	\$	460,833
Operating Activities	Ψ	55,025	Ψ	721,010	Ψ	-+00,000

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INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS
The Investment Trust Fund accounts for the assets of legally separate entities that deposit cash with the County Treasurer. These entities include school and community college districts, other special districts governed by local boards, regional boards and authorities and pass through funds for tax collections for cities. These funds represent the assets, primarily cash and investments, and the related liability of the County to disburse these monies on demand.

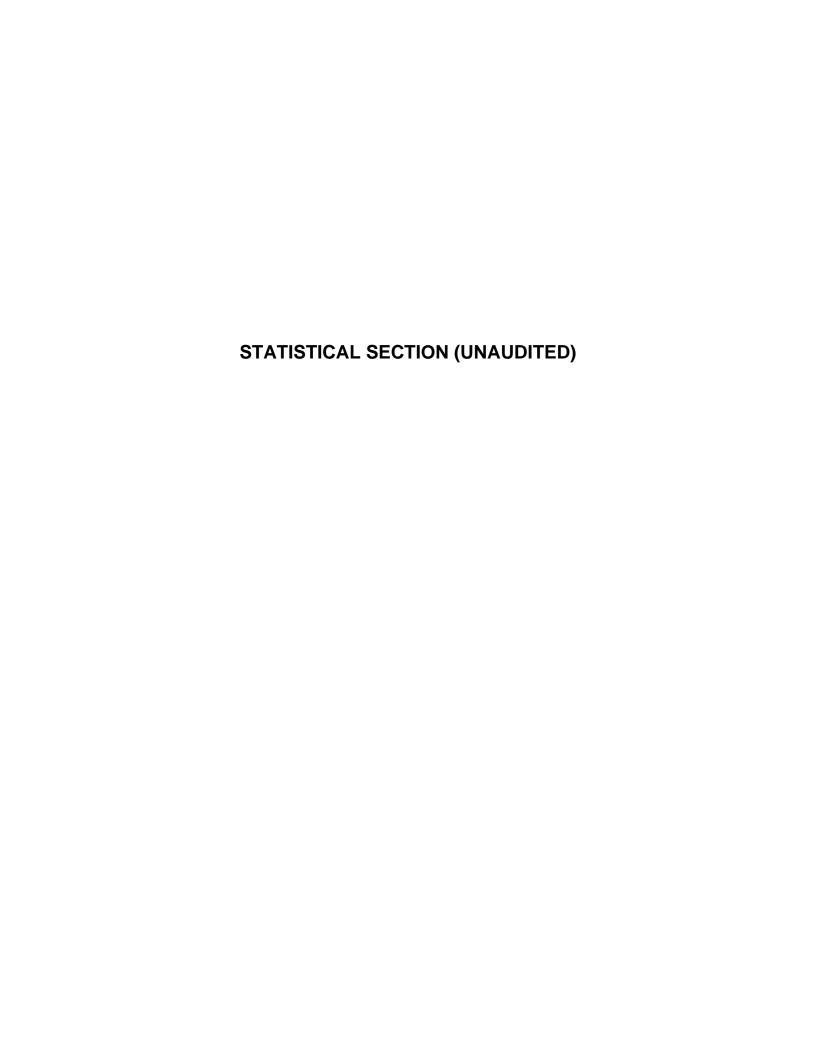
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Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Investment Trust Fund June 30, 2013

Accepta	 Local Districts	School Funds	Total
<u>Assets</u>			
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 19,816,171	\$ 27,156,021	\$ 46,972,192
Total Assets	\$ 19,816,171	\$ 27,156,021	\$ 46,972,192
Net Position			
Net position held in trust for investment pool participants	\$ 19,816,171	\$ 27,156,021	\$ 46,972,192

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Investment Trust Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Local	School		
	Districts	Districts	Total	
Additions				
Contributions	\$ 18,134,0)16 \$ 38,032,988	\$ 56,167,004	
Investment income	196,6	289,911	486,585	
Total Additions	18,330,6	38,322,899	56,653,589	
Deductions:				
Distribution from pooled investment	17,776,7	793 38,685,876	56,462,669	
Change in net position	553,8	397 (362,977)	190,920	
Beginning net position held in				
trust for pool participants	19,262,2	274 27,518,998	46,781,272	
Ending net position held for				
pool participants	<u>\$ 19,816,1</u>	<u>\$ 27,156,021</u>	\$ 46,972,192	





Tax Levies and Collections General Fund Secured Roll 1992-93 through 2012-13

Fiscal Year	 Secured Tax Levy	Current Taxes Collected	Percent of Levy	 Delinquent Collections	Total Collections	Percent of Levy Collected
1992-93	\$ 5,677,052 \$	5,939,621	103.30%	\$ 255,980 \$	6,195,601	107.75%
1993-94	4,841,678	5,066,272	104.64%	217,070	5,283,342	109.12%
1994-95	5,047,309	5,372,192	106.44%	228,890	5,601,082	110.97%
1995-96	4,962,551	5,024,418	101.19%	238,335	5,262,753	106.12%
1996-97	5,309,141	5,243,350	98.76%	156,743	5,400,093	101.71%
1997-98	5,977,025	5,236,546	87.61%	175,404	5,411,950	90.55%
1998-99	6,120,181	5,420,929	88.57%	185,983	5,606,912	91.61%
1999-00	6,420,655	5,699,096	88.77%	166,327	5,865,423	91.35%
2000-01	6,880,850	6,464,711	93.95%	139,088	660,379	95.97%
2001-02	7,073,947	6,992,736	98.85%	151,339	7,144,075	100.99%
2002-03	8,271,224	8,307,872	100.44%	250,939	8,558,811	103.48%
2003-04	8,426,505	8,523,576	101.15%	69,133	8,592,709	101.97%
2004-05	9,536,891	9,449,034	99.08%	58,669	9,507,703	99.69%
2005-06	11,362,185	10,892,350	95.86%	85,125	10,977,475	96.61%
2006-07	13,630,827	13,805,122	101.28%	122,857	13,927,980	102.18%
2007-08	15,706,796	16,120,226	102.63%	85,260	16,205,486	103.17%
2008-09	17,388,237	16,726,245	96.19%	145,777	16,872,022	97.03%
2009-10	17,600,670	16,124,835	91.61%	604,423	16,729,257	95.05%
2010-11	16,514,331	14,230,471	86.17%	578,940	14,809,410	89.68%
2011-12	14,392,453	14,296,942	99.34%	505,527	14,802,468	102.85%
2012-13	15,368,593	15,038,334	97.85%	1,812,716	16,851,050	109.65%

^{**} Includes all charges, paid and unpaid. Redeemed delinquent taxes now included in taxes collected section.

Property Tax Value Allocation Collection 1992-93 through 2012-13 AB-8 VALUES

Personal

Fiscal Year	 Real Property	% Chg	 Property	% Chg	 Total	% Chg
1992-93	\$ 1,475,079,312		\$ 235,660,094		\$ 1,710,739,406	
1993-94	1,528,919,793	3.65%	242,890,893	3.07%	1,771,810,686	3.57%
1994-95	1,596,913,764	4.45%	231,701,331	-4.61%	1,828,615,095	3.21%
1995-96	1,592,321,372	-0.29%	215,419,598	-7.03%	1,807,740,970	-1.14%
1996-97	1,597,912,626	0.35%	224,837,451	4.37%	1,822,750,077	0.83%
1977-98	1,632,980,213	2.19%	225,309,948	0.21%	1,858,290,161	1.95%
1998-99	1,676,009,395	2.64%	229,640,519	1.92%	1,905,649,914	2.55%
1999-00	1,779,593,856	6.18%	229,350,947	-0.13%	2,008,944,803	5.42%
2000-01	1,989,414,352	11.79%	196,039,081	-14.52%	2,185,453,433	8.79%
2001-02	2,215,280,910	11.35%	224,479,974	14.51%	2,439,760,884	11.64%
2002-03	2,430,999,676	9.74%	252,782,477	12.61%	2,683,782,153	10.00%
2003-04	2,762,004,268	13.62%	265,105,692	4.88%	3,027,109,960	12.79%
2004-05	3,085,979,775	11.73%	267,934,406	1.07%	3,353,914,181	10.80%
2005-06	3,550,462,443	15.05%	260,084,308	-2.93%	3,810,546,751	13.61%
2006-07	4,278,126,257	20.49%	281,570,435	8.26%	4,559,696,692	19.66%
2007-08	5,015,813,891	17.24%	302,045,338	7.27%	5,317,859,229	16.63%
2008-09	5,554,102,507	10.73%	318,725,408	5.52%	5,872,827,915	10.44%
2009-10	5,634,656,131	1.45%	282,290,022	-11.43%	5,916,946,153	0.75%
2010-11	5,096,159,613	-9.56%	418,506,072	48.25%	5,514,665,685	-6.80%
2011-12	4,964,600,710	-2.58%	413,444,230	-1.21%	5,378,044,940	-2.48%
2012-13	4,957,878,484	-0.14%	360,781,678	-12.74%	5,318,660,162	-1.10%

COUNTY OF MONO Property Tax Value Allocation Collection

County Wide Tax Limitation is 1 percent of Full Cash Value of \$1.00 Per Hundred Dollars of Full Cash Value per Proposition 13.

Distribution:

The tax levy generated by the \$1.00 rate is distributed to various taxing agencies using factors based upon tax collections of the three previous years (Local Agencies) and one year for schools (1977-78). Voter approved debt service is exempt from the 1 percent limitation.

COUNTY OF MONO TAX RATES 2012-13

TAX AREAS 051-000 THRU 051-013/ 051-019 THRU 051-033		PERCENTAGE
PROP 13 (1% Limit)		1.000000
ESUSD BOND Current		0.044660
ESUSD BOND Redemption		0.015340
	TOTAL	1.0600000
TAX AREAS: 051-014 THRU 051-018 PROP 13 (1% Limit)		1.000000
ESUSD BOND Current		0.044660
ESUSD BOND Redemption		0.015340
June Lake PUD Bond		0.008179
dano Lako i de Bona	TOTAL	1.068179
TAX AREAS: 010-000, 010-002, 010-003,010-004, 010-006, 010-008, 010-011, 01	0-012	1 000000
PROP 13 (1% Limit) Mammoth Unified Bond '98, '00 & '01		1.000000 0.018854
Mammoth-Kern SFID		0.027136
Southern Mono Hospital Bond Redemption		0.005475
Southern Mono Hospital Bond Current		0.022549
Coulient Mono Hospital Bond Guitent	TOTAL	1.074014
TAX AREAS: 010-001,010-005,010-007,010-009,010-010		
PROP 13 (1% Limit)		1.000000
Mammoth-Kern SFID		0.027136
Mammoth County Water Improv. Bond #2		0.006344
Southern Mono Hospital Bond Redemption		0.005475
Southern Mono Hospital Bond Current		0.022549
Mammoth Unified Bond '98, '00 & '01		0.018854
	TOTAL	1.080358
TAX AREAS: 010-013, 059-000, 059-005, 059-007, 059-012		
PROP 13 (1% Limit)		1.000000
Mammoth Unified Bond '98, '00 & '01		0.018854
Southern Mono Hospital Bond Redemption		0.005475
Southern Mono Hospital Bond Current	TOTAL =	0.022549
TAX AREAS: 060-000	TOTAL	1.046878
PROP 13 (1% Limit)		1.000000
Round Valley Bond (Determined by Inyo County)		0.012601
Bishop HS Bond (Determined by Inyo County)		0.035817
Southern Mono Hospital Bond Redemption		0.005475
Southern Mono Hospital Bond Current		0.022549
	TOTAL	1.076442
TAX AREAS: 060-001 THRU 060-006		
PROP 13 (1% Limit)		1.000000
Round Valley Bond (Determined by Inyo County)		0.012601
Bishop HS Bond (Determined by Inyo County)	_	0.035817
	TOTAL	1.048418

Distribution of Pooled Property Tax 1992-93 through 2012-13

		Town	Schools		
		of Mammoth	Library	Special	
Fiscal Year	County	Lakes	and ERAF	Districts	Total
1992-93	38.10%	2.93%	31.80%	27.17%	100.00%
1993-94	32.52%	3.02%	41.18%	23.28%	100.00%
1994-95	31.89%	3.03%	41.52%	23.56%	100.00%
1995-96	31.17%	3.96%	42.34%	22.53%	100.00%
1996-97	32.41%	3.07%	42.67%	21.85%	100.00%
1997-98	33.60%	3.05%	41.27%	22.08%	100.00%
1998-99	31.86%	3.06%	41.28%	23.80%	100.00%
1999-00	31.70%	3.19%	41.04%	24.07%	100.00%
2000-01	31.45%	3.58%	40.40%	24.57%	100.00%
2001-02	30.97%	3.64%	40.79%	24.60%	100.00%
2002-03	30.75%	3.74%	40.79%	24.72%	100.00%
2003-04	30.51%	3.89%	40.64%	24.96%	100.00%
2004-05	30.32%	4.00%	40.51%	25.17%	100.00%
2005-06	30.04%	4.17%	42.01%	23.78%	100.00%
2006-07	29.78%	4.29%	41.84%	24.08%	100.00%
2007-08	29.60%	4.43%	40.06%	25.91%	100.00%
2008-09	29.51%	4.50%	40.01%	25.97%	100.00%
2009-10	29.65%	4.46%	40.18%	25.71%	100.00%
2010-11	29.85%	4.37%	40.37%	25.42%	100.00%
2011-12	29.85%	4.36%	42.06%	23.73%	100.00%
2012-13	29.96%	4.30%	40.18%	25.56%	100.00%

Tax Collections 1992-93 through 2012-13

	General F	und	Secu			
	School County General Fund Districts and					
Fiscal			Town of	Augmentation	Special	
Year	Secured	Unsecured	Mammoth	Fund	Districts	Totals
1992-93	\$ 5,939,621 \$	862,128 \$	522,068 \$	6,716,833 \$	5,361,881	\$ 19,402,531
1993-94	5,066,272	755,388	540,072	6,802,385	5,701,810	18,865,927
1994-95	5,372,192	741,145	577,391	8,161,950	5,785,370	20,638,048
1995-96	5,024,418	682,488	759,583	8,283,649	4,268,796	19,018,934
1996-97	5,243,350	729,092	583,068	7,768,595	472,288	14,796,393
1997-98	5,448,545	719,526	571,570	7,730,443	4,451,114	18,921,198
1998-99	5,582,040	731,930	588,337	7,930,027	4,572,566	19,404,900
1999-00	5,778,043	723,824	647,065	8,306,363	4,794,903	20,250,198
2000-01	6,264,163	616,687	782,357	8,817,667	5,238,415	21,719,289
2001-02	7,073,947	695,136	825,121	7,085,768	5,591,710	21,271,682
2002-03	7,534,894	772,978	953,355	11,204,067	6,080,626	26,545,920
2003-04	8,523,576	807,741	1,158,647	12,615,367	6,936,400	30,041,730
2004-05*	9,449,034	706,107	1,348,916	13,642,275	7,916,718	33,063,050
2005-06*	11,455,149	765,220	1,592,687	16,021,241	9,067,830	38,902,127
2006-07*	12,910,660	894,463	2,295,078	18,389,553	11,787,382	46,277,136
2007-08*	14,515,638	870,916	2,624,774	22,147,747	12,860,888	53,019,963
2008-09*	14,933,794 **	919,168 **	2,653,891 **	23,571,923 **	15,301,520 *	* 57,380,296
2009-10*	15,165,933 **	1,260,670 **	2,417,595 **	25,336,531 **	11,152,009 *	* 55,332,738
2010-11*	15,209,742 **	2,409,465 **	2,409,465 **	22,262,705 **	12,855,279 *	* 55,146,657
2011-12*	14,822,535 **	1,288,349 **	2,355,391 **	22,694,146 **	12,800,764 *	* 53,961,185
2012-13*	14,814,123 **	1,122,030 **	2,286,660 **	22,419,290 **	12,544,531 *	* 53,186,634

* Triple-Flip Adjustments not recognized in these figures

The lien or assessment date is the first Monday in January

Taxes may be paid in two installments. First installment is due November 1, and becomes delinquent on December 10, with 10% penalty added. Second installment is due February 1, and becomes delinquent on April 10, with 10% penalty and \$10.00 per parcel added for costs.

After June 30, property is transferred to the delinquent roll. Beginning July 1, additional penalties of 1% per month for the first year and 1/2% per month thereafter until the property is redeemed. After five years, the property may be sold for taxes due.

After June 30, property is transferred to the delinquent roll. Beginning July 1, additional penalties of 1% per month for the first year and 1/2% per month thereafter until the property is redeemed. After five years, the property may be sold for taxes due.

Triple Flip 2004-05 through 2012-13

		COUNTY			TOWN		SPECIAL DISTRICTS
	Sales Tax	VLF	ERAF III	Sales Tax	VLF	ERAF III	ERAF III
2004-05	96,378	943,697	(92,964)	456,945	415,538	(217,497)	(890,482)
2005-06	101,279	1,074,952	(92,964)	501,959	517,229	(217,497)	(983,446)
2006-07	134,817	1,289,321	0	679,429	628,899	0	0
2007-08	148,749	1,494,755	0	518,443	744,745	0	0
2008-09	105,026	1,651,183	0	509,504	832,471	0	0
2009-10	120,633	1,673,140	0	349,063	874,007	0	0
2010-11	101,414	1,559,622	0	448,180	802,561	0	0
2011-12	117,111	1,520,974	0	431,197	783,012	0	0
2012-13	103,613	1,499,142	0	501,938	761,411	0	0

SB 1096 adopted by the State in FY 2003 and implemented in FY 2004 is measure whereby Sales Taxes and Vehicle License Fees are "swaped" for property taxes. This is in the wake of the State obtaining debt reduction bonds using sales tax revenue as the funding source. These are manual adjustments made to property tax revenue and based upon projections from the state and "trued up" the following year. Funds are taken from ERAF to fill the revenue gaps. ERAF III is a swap from polital subdivisions to back-fill the sales tax and VLF taken from ERAF. ERAF III is only in effect for FY 2004-05 and 2005-06.

Miscellaneous Statistical Informantion June 30, 2013

County Date of Formation: April 21, 1861

Form of Government: General Law County under California Constitution 1849

Area: 3,030 Square Miles

County Road Mileage: 684.42

Fire Protection: No county-wide fire district, each community has its own

special fire protection district

Public Protection: Sworn Sheriff/Jail Personnel 45

Non-Sworn Sheriff/Jail Personnel 4
Number of Stations 3
Number of Employees 49

Full-Time (Includes Public Protection Employees) 274
Part-Time 21
Total 295

November-12

Elections: Registered Voters 5,983

Number of Votes Cast Last General Election 5,223
Percentage of Registered Voters Voting 87.30%

Miscellaneous Statistical Informantion June 30, 2013

Population:	FY Year	County	Incorporated	Total
	1910	2,042		2,042
	1920	960		960
	1930	1,360		1,360
	1940	2,299		2,299
	1950	2,115		2,115
	1960	2,213		2,213
	1970	4,016		4,016
	1980	8,577		8,577
	1990		***	10,350
	1991		***	10,243
	1992		***	10,403
	1993		***	10,365
	1994		***	11,179
	1995		***	10,745
	1996		***	10,550
	1997		***	10,410
	1998		***	10,022
	1999		***	10,223
	2000		***	10,293
As of 1/1/**	2001		***	12,799
	2002		***	13,250
	2003		***	13,350
	2004	5,946	7,617	13,563
	2005	5,982	7,667	13,649
	2006	5,880	7,717	13,597
	2007	6,346	7,413	13,759
	2008	6,214	7,413	13,627
	2009	6,318	7,299	13,617
	2010	5,819	8,209	14,028
	2011	5,890	8,286	14,176
	2012	5,819	8,209	14,028
	2013	6,186	8,307	14,493

^{***} No Data Kept for these years